

IT COULD LAND HERE

Wild birds flying overhead may be pretty to look at, but don't be fooled.

Migratory birds like ducks and geese can carry a new and deadly kind of bird flu.

It entered the United States late in 2014 and it can wipe out your flock in a few days.

This virus is currently infecting flocks in the Pacific Northwest.

Even if your birds never come into direct contact with birds, they can still pick up this deadly disease.

No human cases of these avian influenza viruses have been detected in the United State, Canada, or internationally, and there continues to be no public health concern.



Find out what steps you can take NOW to protect your birds before it is too late.



New York State Department
Of Agriculture and Markets
Division of Animal Industry
10B Airline Drive, Albany, NY 12235
518-457-3502
www.agriculture.ny.gov





PROTECT YOUR FLOCK NOW

A deadly new strain of bird flu is in the U.S.

Protect your birds before it's too late.





- Wear clean clothes, scrub your shoes with disinfectant, and wash your hands thoroughly before entering your bird area.
- Clean cages daily
- Change food and water daily.
- Clean and disinfect equipment that comes in contact with your birds or their droppings, including cages and tools. Remove manure before disinfecting.
- If you have been near other birds or bird owners, such as at a feed store, clean and disinfect your car and truck tires, poultry cages, and equipment before going home.





START OUT RIGHT!

Buy new birds from reputable hatcheries. Keep them separate from your flock for at least 21 days. Start with healthy birds and keep them healthy!

RESTRICT EXPOSURE!

Restrict access to your property and your birds.

Consider fencing off the area where you keep your birds to better control the spread of germs.

REDUCE RISK!

If you show birds at exhibitions, be sure to have them tested first, and keep these birds separate from your flock for at least three full weeks after.

REPORT!

Report sick birds to NYSDAM at 518-457-3502.

We can help you find out if your birds have the flu and tell you what your options are if they do.

Know the Warning Signs of Infectious Bird Diseases

Early detection is important to prevent the spread of disease.



- Sudden increase in deaths in your flock
- Sneezing, gasping for air, coughing, and nasal discharge
- Watery and green diarrhea
- Lack of energy and poor appetite
- Drop in egg production, soft, thin shelled or misshapen eggs
- Swelling around the eyes, neck, and head
- Purple discoloration of the wattles, combs, and legs
- Tremors, drooping wings, circling, twisting of the head and neck, or lack of movement

