### THE JENTSCH LAB

INSECT BIOLOGY, ECOLOGY, AND MANAGEMENT IN HUDSON VALLEY AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES



# Morning Brew: Conversations on Tree Fruit Pest Management

# 6 a.m. April 5th, 2021

### THE JENTSCH LAB

INSECT BIOLOGY, ECOLOGY, AND MANAGEMENT IN HUDSON VALLEY AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES



## Agenda:

- Welcome
  - Weather forecast Application windows
  - 1. Prebloom Diseases Apple Scab, Mildew, Fireblight (K. Cox & D.Rosenberger)

a. Copper

- 2. Insect management during bloom & early petal fall:
  - 1. Pear:

a. Pear psylla

- 2. Apple:
  - a. San Jose Scale, Dogwood Borer, European Red Mite
- 3. 2020 Pack Out. What problems will looming in 2021

Extended Forecast for Highland NY										
Tonight	Monday	Monday Night	Tuesday	Tuesday Night	Wednesday	Wednesday Night	Thursday	Thursday Night		
	*		- 3-							
Mostly Clear	Sunny	Mostly Clear	Sunny	Mostly Clear	Mostly Sunny	Partly Cloudy	Mostly Sunny	Mostly Cloudy		
Low: 38 °F	High: 59 °F	Low: 35 °F	High: 61 °F	Low: 39 °F	High: 63 °F	Low: 42 °F	High: 64 °F	Low: 43 °F		
Detailed Forec	ast									
Tonight	Mostly clear, wit	Mostly clear, with a low around 38. Northwest wind 5 to 11 mph.								
Monday	Sunny, with a hig									
Monday Night	Mostly clear, wit	Mostly clear, with a low around 35. Northwest wind 5 to 11 mph.								
Tuesday	Sunny, with a hig	gh near 61. Northwe	st wind 5 to 7 mph.							
Tuesday Night	Mostly clear, wit	h a low around 39.	North wind around 5	ō mph.						
Wednesday	Mostly sunny, w	ith a high near 63.								
Wednesday Night	Partly cloudy, wi	ith a low around 42.								
Thursday	Mostly sunny, w	Mostly sunny, with a high near 64.								
Thursday Night	Mostly cloudy, w	Mostly cloudy, with a low around 43.								
Friday	A chance of sho	A chance of showers after 8am. Mostly cloudy, with a high near 58. Chance of precipitation is 30%.								
Friday Night	A chance of sho	wers. Mostly cloudy	, with a low around	44. Chance of prec	ipitation is 30%.					
Saturday	A chance of sho	wers. Mostly cloudy	, with a high near 5	7. Chance of precip	itation is 30%.					
Saturday Night	Mostly cloudy, w	vith a low around 44								
Sunday	Partly sunny, wit	th a high near 59.								



### Tuesday Low to moderate wind rH good for adhesion / then drying



Wednesday

```
Thursday
```

#### Very low N winds 3 – 5 mph over Wednesday & Thursday with good drying time



### High rH (Good Adhesion SlowDry time)



# NEWA Network for Environment and Weather Applications

Highland, NY HVRL

# **Apple Scab Infection Events (March 1 - April 4)**

Start Date & Time	End Date & Time	Wet Hours	Temp Avg. (F)	Rain (in.)	Combined Event
March 31 2:01 PM	April 1 1:00 PM	20	48	0.20	Yes
March 28 10:01 AM	March 29 2:00 AM	14	50	1.17	Yes
March 24 3:01 PM	March 26 8:00 AM	28	53	0.49	Yes

Dry conditions last 223 hours at download

Download Time: 4/4/2021 17:00





#### Apple Scab Results for Highland HVL 2

The Ascospore Maturity degree day model begins at 50% green tip on McIntosh flower buds. To recalculate ascospore maturity for your orchard, enter your green tip date:

Green Tip Date: 3/28/2021

021 Click if greentip has not occurred

Ascospore Maturity Summary											
	Past	Past	Current	5-I	Day Foreca	st <u>Fore</u>	cast Deta	iil <u>s</u>			
Date	4/2	4/3	4/4	4/5	4/6	4/7	4/8	4/9			
Ascospore Maturity	2%	2%	2%	3%	3%	4%	4%	4%			
Daily Ascospore Discharge	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%			
Cumulative Ascospore Discharge	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%			

Ascospore Maturity Graphs



# NEWA Network for Environment and Weather Applications

#### Apple Scab Results for Highland HVL 2

The Ascospore Maturity degree day model begins at 50% green tip on McIntosh flower buds. To recalculate ascospore maturity for your orchard, enter your green tip date:

Green Tip Date: 3/28/2021 Click if greentip has not occurred

Ascospore Maturity Summary											
	Past	Past	Current	5-Day Forecast Forecast Details							
Date	4/2	4/3	4/4	4/5	4/6	4/7	4/8	4/9			
Ascospore Maturity	2%	2%	2%	3%	3%	4%	4%	4%			
Daily Ascospore Discharge	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%			
Cumulative Ascospore Discharge	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%			

Ascospore Maturity Graphs

Infection Events Summary											
	Past	Past         Current         5-Day Forecast         Forecast Details									
Date	4/2	4/3	4/4	4/5	4/6	4/7	4/8	4/9			
Infection Events	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Average Temp (F) for wet hours	-	-	-	48	48	49	51	47			
Leaf Wetness (hours)	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	3			
Hours ≥90% RH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2			
Rain Amount	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	Night 5% Day 7%	Night 10% Day 21%	Night 29% Day 30%			



#### Mildew (Ruby Frost, Ginger Gold) ??

Begin mgt. at ight cluster and pink applications Microthiol Sulfur at 5 lb/A or Rally at 5-6 oz/A. Rally may not work well if they have DMI-resistant mildew.

The most critical sprays for mildew are PF, 1st and 2nd cover. With high mildew pressure, use one of the SDHI fungicides.

Merivon may be one of the most effective SDHI's against mildew, although Luna Sensation would also work well. Under high pressure, use at least two applications of one of these starting when terminal shoots are about 2 inches long.

Merivon and Luna Sensation are both package mixes that contain both an SDHI and a QoI, so a single application of either one of those counts as one SDHI spray plus one QoI spray of 4 total apps allowed.

Rotate with Sulfur to alternate for resistance mgt. (Microthiol Sulfur contains bentonite clay providing longer residual)



Fire blight is the most devastating bacterial disease of apples, pears and crabapples, caused by a gram negative bacteria called *Erwinia amylovor*.

2020 was year with ideal conditions for fireblight. Hail damage to trees contributed to the spread of the disease.

Prunning and removal of infected wood with cankers during winter will reduce innoculum in the orchard.

A "delayed-dormant" application of copper at silver tip will help reduce inoculum of fire blight in cankers and apple scab in buds. Applications resulting in 2lbs. actual copper / A, such as a high (>15%) metallic copper equivalent (MCE) copper fungicide (e.g. Badge, Kocide, Cuprofix) should be used in orchards with fireblight strikes in 2020. This will also reduce overwintering apple scab.

#### https://cpb-us-e1.wpmucdn.com/blogs.cornell.edu/dist/f/3191/files/2021/04/2021\_HVRL\_Scouting-Report-4.4.21.pdf

#### 2021 Hudson Valley Research Lab Scouting Report

Cornell AgriTech Entomology Department, Highland, NY

Date	Baskerville- DD Accumulation	Emin (BE) 1 <mark>8 (previous d</mark> :	ay NEWA	) Field Observations / Trap Catches / Models
	43 F	50 F	# / traj	p / day (pheromone trap)
3/22	44.2	17.9		Degree day accumulations beginning 1 January,
			0.0	Speckled Green Fruitworm (SGFW) (0/0)
			0.5	Redbanded Leafroller (RBLR) (0/1)
			0.0	Spotted Tentiform Leafminer (STLM) (0/0)
			0.0	Oriental Fruit Moth (OFM) (0/0)
			0.0	Lesser Apple Worm (LAW) (0/0)
			0.0	Psylla eggs / bud (0 egg / 25 buds)

- 0.93 Weekly Rainfall
- 1.20 Total Rainfall (Since 1 March, 2021)

Crop	Cultivar	Rootstock	Stag	ge (%)
Apple			Dormant	Silver Tip
	Zestar	M9	21	79
	Jersey Mac	M9	24	76
	Cortland	M9	31	59
	McIntosh	M26	17	83
	Red Chief	M26	24	76
	Ginger Gold	M26	21	79
	Smoothie	M26	40	60
	Empire	M9T337	22	78
	Gala	B9	32	68
	Honey Crisp	Nic29	51	49
Pear			Dormant	Swollen Bud
	Bartlett		48	52
	Bosc		58	42

|--|

 Date
 DD Accumulations (previous day NEWA)
 Field Observations / TrapCatches / Models

 43 F
 50 F
 # / trap / day (pheromone trap)

 3/24
 114.8
 25.8
 Degree day accumulations beginning 1 January,

0.2 Psylla eggs / bud (8 egg / 50 buds)

Pear Psylla Adult Vacuum Sweeps & Egg Counts in Untreated Bartlett Pear Hudson Valley Lab. Highland, NY



Evaluat Hudsor	ions of insectici Valley Lab., Hig	de schedules agains ghland, N.Y2005.	t summerform pea	ar psylla adults o	n Bartlett pear¹.
Treatment	Formulation amt./100 gal.	Application Dates	7/8 nymphs¹	7/18 nymphs <sup>1</sup>	% Reduct. nymphs¹
Actara 25WP	1.4 oz.	14 July	2.1 abc	1.0 cd	52.3
AgriMek Damoil	2.5 oz. 32.0 oz.	14 July	6.3 d	1.3 d	79.5
Asana XL Incite	5.8 oz. 2.0 oz.	14 July	1.2 a	0.1 a	94.4
Assail 70WP	0.85 oz.	14 July	1.8 ab	0.4 b	79.2
Warrior	1.71 oz.	14 July	5.0 bcd	1.8 de	64.1
Asana XL	5.8 oz.	14 July	5.5 cd	2.8 ef	50.0
Colloidal soap	1 gal.	14 July	1.1 a	0.9 ab	20.0
Damoil	32.0 oz.	14 July	0.9 a	2.3 b	- 172.0
Damoil	0.5 gal.	14 July	1.8 a	0.8 ab	57.2
Damoil	1.0 gal.	14 July	0.8 a	0.2 a	80.4
Untreated	-		6.6 d	4.1 f	36.8

San Jose Scale (SJS) Biology

- OW on bark as 'black-cap'.
- Adult males emerge and mate.
- Do not lay eggs produce live crawlers
- Crawlers appear 4-6 wk post bloom  $(2-3\overline{C})$ 310 DD from adult flight. 500 DD<sub>50</sub> from 1 March
- 'White cap' → 'Black cap'

Cornell University





## San Jose Scale - Management

# Spring applications: Made from Dormant to Pink and PF against black cap phase.

Early Summer, 1st Gen. : Use pheromone traps to determine Male emergence = biofix. Nymphs emerge after 310 DD from biofix or 500 degree days (base 50F) since March 1 (crawler emergence on +/- 20 June)

*Mid Summer, 2nd Gen. : Male emergence biofix. Nymphs emerge after 310 DD. Applications should be made prior to 2nd gen. nymph emergence. Late July and a second mid August. (1451DD<sub>50</sub> 1 March).* 

*In summer 2 applications are required for complete control of each generation of crawlers.* 



### Pre-bloom

	Evaluation of insecticides for controlling San Jose scale on apple, N.Y.S.A.E.S., Hudson Valley Lab., Highland, N.Y2005								
Treatment	Quantity	<u>% mortality per # of days post application</u> % Infes Quantity Timing 7 d 14 d 21 d 45 d Frui							
1. Damoil	3.0 gal. / 100	GT	100.0 c	100.0 c	100.0 c	100.0 c	0.0 a		
2. Damoil	2.0 gal. / 100	HIG	100.0 c	100.0 c	100.0 c	100.0 c	0.9 a		
3. Lorsban 4E	1.0 pt. / 100	HIG	100.0 c	100.0 c	100.0 c	100.0 c	3.0 ab		
4. Esteem	1.25 oz./ 100	HIG	48.5 b	41.3 b	37.5 a	59.4 b	1.4 ab		
5. Assail	1.25 oz./ 100	HIG	51.6 b	44.6 b	78.4 b	99.9 c	31.2 bc		
9. Untreated	-	-	2.7 a	23.0 a	37.5 a	34.9 a	95.9 d		

GT on 4 April HIG on 7 April





Hudson Valley Research Laboratory

Cornell University

European Red & Two Spotted Spider Mite (ERM & TSSM)

- Endemic yet move within the orchard
- Feeding reduces photosynthesis return bloom, fruit size, quality, color, pre-mature drop of fruit & leaves
- OW as fertilized eggs
- Egg hatch >50% complete @ pink; 100% by end of bloom
- Reproduction both sexual and parthnogenetic
   Fertilized = both sexes; Unfertilized = males only





# Mite Flaring Potential of Apple Insecticides\*



2003 Red Delicious Apples, TNRC (P= 0.5 LSD)

<sup>\*</sup>John Wise - Michigan State

# Evaluation of Miticides to Manage Cumulative European Red Mite Days on Red Delicious Apple. Campbell Hall, NY - 2007



Single Application on 19 May @ highest labeled rate / product



- TPB often begin feeding to buds after 2d @ 70F bloom
- 3 timings targeting TPB beginning at TC, P, PF
- Beleaf (anti-feedent)
- Pyrethroid / Pyrethroid premix with neonicotinoids

3A	Ambush 25WP	6.4-25.6 oz/acre	PF	12	High	
3A	*Asana XL 0.66EC	4.8-14.5 fl oz/acre 2-5.8 fl oz/100 gal water	21	12	High	
3A	*Baythroid XL 1EC	2-2.4 fl oz/acre	7	12	High	
3A	*Danitol 2.4EC	10.67-16 fl oz/acre	14	24	High	
3A	*Pounce 25 WP	6.4-16 oz/acre	PF	12	High	
3A	Warrior II 2.08CS	1.28-2.56 fl oz/acre	21	24	High	
9C	Beleaf 50SG	2-2.8 oz/acre	21	12	High	
22	Avaunt 30WDG	5-6 oz/acre	14	12	Moderate	
3A/6	*Gladiator EC	19 fl oz/acre 4.75 fl oz/100 gal water	28	12	High	Zeta-cypermethrin/ Avermectin B1
3A/28	*†Besiege	6-12 fl oz/acre	21	24	High	Chlorantraniliprole/ Lambda-cyhalothrin
4A/3A	*†Endigo ZC	5-6 fl oz/acre	35	24	High	Thiamethoxam/ Lambda-cyhalothrin
4A/3A	*Leverage 360	2.4-2.8 fl oz/acre	7	12	High	Beta-Cyfluthrin/ Imidcloprid

### THE JENTSCH LAB

INSECT BIOLOGY, ECOLOGY, AND MANAGEMENT IN HUDSON VALLEY AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES



# Morning Brew: Conversations on Tree Fruit Pest Management

