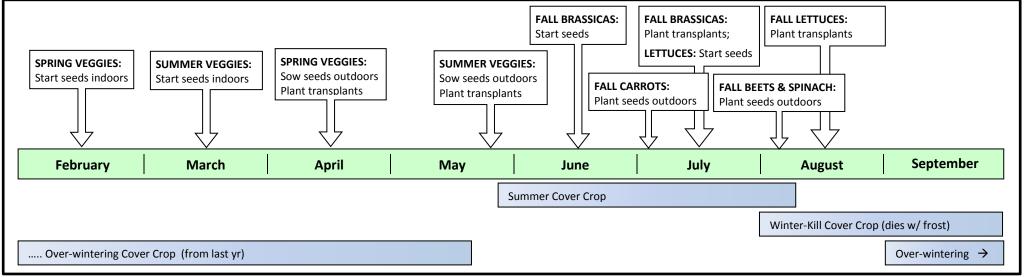
## A Tompkins County Garden Calendar: Veggies and Cover Crops for All Seasons

Have you ever had early-planted tomatoes get zapped by a late frost? Or summer-planted broccoli flower and turn bitter? If so, you know that planting crops at the right time is important to ensure healthy plants and a good harvest! This timeline shows rough planting dates for **Spring, Summer, and Fall vegetables** and seasonal niches for **Summer, Winter-Kill, and Over-Wintering cover crops**. See the back of this handout for lists of vegetables and cover crops in each category.





### **Rotation Planning**

- Each year, try to **plant 1-2 vegetables AND a cover crop in each section of your garden**. Below are example rotation plans.
- Be sure to <u>rotate to vegetables in a different plant family each year</u>, to avoid building up soil-borne diseases and pests, and to replenish nutrients after periods when heavy-feeding crops are grown. See the back of this handout for lists of crops grouped by plant family.

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4
Spring Veggie:	(over-wintering cover crop from last	Spring Veggie:	Spring Veggie:
Ex: peas	year – cut down in late May)	Ex: spinach or beets	Ex: lettuces, salad greens
Summer Veggie:	Summer Veggie:	(short) Summer veggie:	Summer Cover Crop:
Ex: tomato/ pepper/ eggplant	Ex: cucumber or zucchini	Ex: string beans	Ex: buckwheat & crimson clover
Over-wintering Cover Crop:	Fall Veggie:	Winter-kill Cover Crop:	Fall Veggie:
Ex: rye & hairy vetch (underseed)	Ex: kale	Ex: oats & field peas	Ex: broccoli or cauliflower

### **Vegetable Planting by Season & Family**

**SPRING VEGGIES:** Start seeds indoors (transplants) in **Feb**. Sow seeds outdoors & plant transplants in **April**.

#### **Transplants:**

Alliums: Onions, Scallions (sets)

• Brassicas: Bok choy, Broccoli, Cabbage,

Cauliflower, Collards, Kale

Chenopods: Chard





#### **Direct seeding:**

Alliums: Leeks

• Aster family: Lettuce

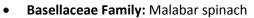
• Brassicas: Kohlrabi, Radish, Turnip

Chenopods: Spinach, Beets

Legumes: Peas

**SUMMER VEGGIES:** Start seeds indoors in March. Sow seeds outdoors & plant transplants in May-early June.

#### **Transplants:**



• Cucurbits: Cucumber, Melon, Pumpkin, Summer & Winter Squash

• Mallow Family: Okra

Solanaceae (Nightshade) Family: Tomato, Pepper, Eggplant

#### **Direct seeding:**

Apiaceae Family: Carrots

• Legumes: Beans





<u>FALL VEGGIES:</u> For Brassicas, start seeds in mid-June and transplant in mid-July. For lettuces, start seeds in mid-July and transplant in mid-August. Seed carrots around July 1; beets and spinach around August 1.

#### **Transplants:**

• Brassicas: Bok choy, Broccoli, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Collards, Kale

Chenopods: Chard

 (Cucurbits: Planted in summer, Pumpkin & Winter Squash will grow through the fall)

#### **Direct seeding:**

Apiaceae Family: Carrots

Aster family: Lettuce

• Brassicas: Kohlrabi, Radish, Turnip

• Chenopods: Spinach, Beets

• Legumes: Peas

# **Cover Crop Seasonal Niches**

WINTER-KILL COVER CROPS: Seed in early- late Aug; killed by the cold. Plant Spring crops into the mulch.

Legumes: Field Peas

• Non-legumes: Oats (mix with Field Peas), Mustards, Tillage Radish

**OVER-WINTERING COVER CROPS:** Interseed in **early- to mid-September** beneath & between summer vegetables. Cut down at flowering in **mid- to late May** before planting summer vegetables.

- Legumes: Hairy Vetch (seed in early October); Crimson Clover (seeded in September) may survive the winter
- Non-legume: Rye (mix with Hairy Vetch)

**SUMMER COVER CROPS:** Seed after early spring crops in **June-July** and cut down in **August** before fall crops. In buckwheat/clover mixtures, trim the buckwheat at flowering to increase space & light for clover growth.

- Legumes: Crimson Clover, Cowpea
- Non-legumes: Buckwheat (mix with Crimson Clover), Japanese Millet (mix with Cowpea), Sorghum-sudangrass