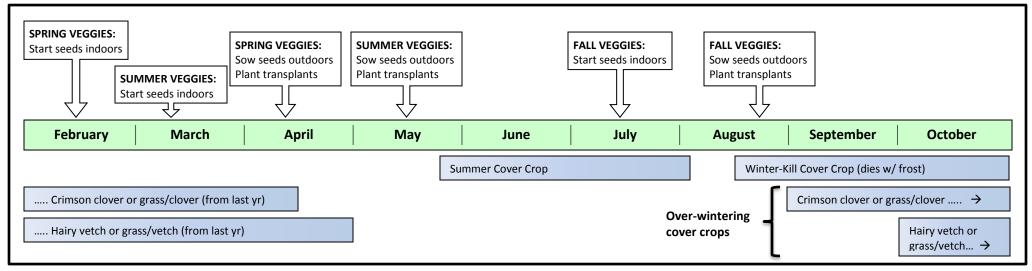
A New York City Garden Calendar: Veggies and Cover Crops for All Seasons

Have you ever had early-planted tomatoes get zapped by a late frost? Or summer-planted broccoli flower and turn bitter? If so, you know that planting crops at the right time is important to ensure healthy plants and a good harvest! This timeline shows rough planting dates for **Spring, Summer, and Fall vegetables** and seasonal niches for **Summer, Winter-Kill, and Over-Wintering cover crops**. See the back of this handout for lists of vegetables and cover crops in each category.





Rotation Planning

- Each year, try to plant 1-2 vegetables AND a cover crop in each section of your garden. Below are example rotation plans.
- Be sure to <u>rotate to vegetables in a different plant family each year</u>, to avoid building up soil-borne diseases and pests, and to replenish nutrients after periods when heavy-feeding crops are grown (for example, plants in the Tomato and Cucurbit families).

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4
Spring Veggie:	(over-wintering cover crop from last	Spring Veggie:	Spring Veggie:
Ex: peas	year – cut down in late April)	Ex: spinach or beets	Ex: lettuces, salad greens
Summer Veggie:	Summer Veggie:	(short) Summer veggie:	Summer Cover Crop:
Ex: tomato/ pepper/ eggplant	Ex: cucumber or zucchini	Ex: string beans	Ex: buckwheat & crimson clover
Over-wintering Cover Crop:	Fall Veggie:	Winter-kill Cover Crop:	Fall Veggie:
Ex: rye & hairy vetch (underseed)	Ex: kale	Ex: oats & field peas	Ex: broccoli or cauliflower

Vegetable Planting by Season & Family

SPRING VEGGIES: Start seeds indoors (transplants) in **Feb**. Sow seeds outdoors & plant transplants in **April**.

Transplants:

Alliums: Onions, Scallions (sets)

• Brassicas: Bok choy, Broccoli, Cabbage,

Cauliflower, Collards, Kale

• Chenopods: Chard





Direct seeding:

Alliums: Leeks

• Aster family: Lettuce

• Brassicas: Kohlrabi, Radish, Turnip

• Chenopods: Spinach, Beets

Legumes: Peas

SUMMER VEGGIES: Start seeds indoors in **March**. Sow seeds outdoors & plant transplants in **May-early June**.

Transplants:

Basellaceae Family: Malabar spinach

• Cucurbits: Cucumber, Melon, Pumpkin, Summer & Winter Squash

• Mallow Family: Okra

Solanaceae (Nightshade) Family: Tomato, Pepper, Eggplant

Direct seeding:

Apiaceae Family: Carrots

Legumes: Beans





FALL VEGGIES: Start seeds in mid-July. Sow seeds outdoors & plant transplants in mid-August- early September.

Transplants:

• Brassicas: Bok choy, Broccoli, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Collards, Kale

• Chenopods: Chard

• (Cucurbits: Planted in summer, Pumpkin & Winter Squash will grow through the fall)

Direct seeding:

Apiaceae Family: Carrots

Aster family: Lettuce

• Brassicas: Kohlrabi, Radish, Turnip

• Chenopods: Spinach, Beets

Legumes: Peas

Cover Crop Seasonal Niches

WINTER-KILL COVER CROPS: Seed in **mid-August**; killed by the cold. Plant Spring crops into the mulch.

Legumes: Field Peas

• Grass-Legume Mixture: Oats & Field Peas

OVER-WINTERING COVER CROPS: Interseed in **September & October** beneath & between summer vegetables. Cut down at flowering in **mid- to late- April** before planting summer vegetables.

• Legumes: Crimson Clover (seed in early Sept); Hairy Vetch (seed in early October)

Grass-Legume Mixtures: Rye & Crimson Clover; Rye & Hairy Vetch

SUMMER COVER CROPS: Seed after early spring crops in **May – June**. Cut down in **August** before fall crops. In buckwheat/legume mixtures, trim the buckwheat at flowering to increase space & light for legume growth.

Legumes: Berseem Clover, Crimson Clover

Buckwheat-Legume Mixtures: Buckwheat & Berseem or Crimson Clover