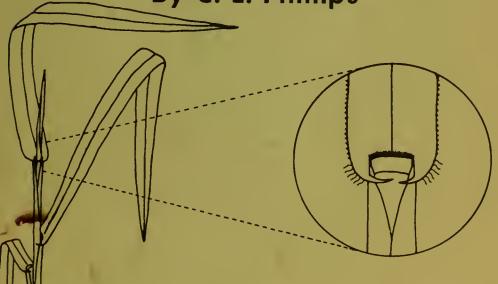
& Hour

Field Manual No. 2 — July, 1962 Marine Biological Laboratory

Woods Hole, Macsachusetts 02543

Some Grasses of the Northeast

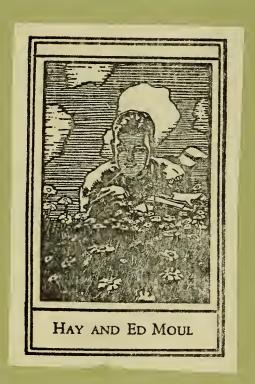
By C. E. Phillips



A key to their identification by vegetative characters

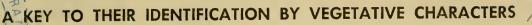
University of Delaware

Agricultural Experiment Station
Newark, Delaware





SOME GRASSES OF THE NORTHEAST



by C. E. PHILLIPS 1

In the last few years an increasing interest in weed-free turf and the wide acceptance of chemical herbicides has sharply focused attention on the necessity of identifying grasses by their vegetative characters. A European worker is credited with doing the basic work on the use of vegetative characters in an identification key about 80 years ago. Carrier (3) in 1917 developed the first in North America. Since then a number of such keys have been developed by various workers in the United States and Canada (see bibliography). None of these keys, however, included anywhere near all the grasses of economic importance in the Northeastern states.

The key presented here is an outgrowth of 15 years of teaching students to identify pasture grasses and some common weed grasses in their vegetative (non-flowering) state. Using descriptions of grasses from several publications, a number of tentative keys were constructed and tried with unsatisfactory results. Many of the grasses were found to show great variation from region to region in the detailed description of their vegetative characters. It was apparent that if a key was to be useful it would have to be based on vegetative descriptions made of the grasses growing in the region. Approximately 800 vegetative descriptions were made and used in the development of the key. Most of these were of grasses collected in the 12 Northeastern states and Virginia. In order to get a better idea of variations, however, some collections were made in a total of 34 states and one Canadian province. To assure uniformity, all descriptions were recorded on keysort punch cards printed with a standard legend. Most of the key has been field checked by students and co-workers in Delaware and adjoining states.

No effort was made to include all the grasses of the Northeast in the key. An effort was made, however, to include most of those having economic importance. Most of those included are either species cultivated for various purposes or weed grasses of mostly agricultural situations. In addition to these, a number of grasses of interest to conservationists and wildlife people were also added.

Scientific names of the grasses are those given by Hitchcock (6). Common names, in most cases, are those used most frequently by many authorities. In a few cases the author found it necessary to coin a common name that seemed appropriate.

DISTINGUISHING THE GRASSES FROM THE GRASS-LIKE PLANTS

There are a number of the grass-like plants that may be easily confused with the true grasses. Not many of these are to be found in agricultural situations except in wet pastures and meadows. One sedge, however, nutgrass (Cyperus esculentus), is a common weed in cultivated fields in the Northeast, and the path rush (Juncus tenuis) is found in a variety of situations, particularly on compacted soil.

Since the key presented here deals only with the grasses, it is necessary to be able to distinguish

¹ Chairman, Department of Agronomy, University of Delaware.

the true grasses (Gramineae) from the sedges (Cyperaceae) and the rushes (Juncaceae). Study of the points presented in the following table will show how to separate them quickly.

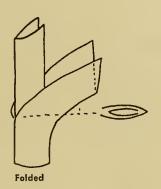
	Grasses	Sedges	Rushes
Stem	Usually hollow, cylindrical or flattened	Filled with pith, rarely hollow, usually 3-sided	Filled with sponge- like pith, cylindrical
Nodes	Conspicuous	Indistinct	Indistinct
Leaf arrangement	In 2 vertical rows or ranks	In 3 vertical rows or ranks	In 3 vertical rows or ranks
Leaf sheath	Usually split, closed in a few species	Usually closed	Open or closed
Collar	Mostly distinct	Indistinct	Indistinct
Auricles	Present or absent	Absent	Absent
Ligule	Present, rarely absent	Absent or weakly developed	Absent or weakly developed
Leaf blade	Usually flat, often folded, rolled or bristle-like, frequently hairy	Flat, multi- folded or bristle-like, rarely hairy	Channeled or round, usually wiry and without hairs
Leaf margins	Smooth, rough or hairy	Usually rough	Smooth

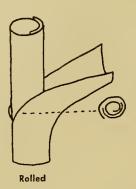
CHARACTERS USED IN IDENTIFICATION²

The characters found to be most reliable are discussed below with drawings to illustrate the principal variations used in the key. The descriptions and points of separation are based on the characters as found on the vegetative or lower leaves of the plant. Leaves high on the stem frequently have longer ligules and blades that are wider or less hairy.

1. Bud-shoot

The arrangement of leaves in the growing point or bud-shoot may be folded or rolled as shown below. The folded arrangement is usually found in flattened shoots and the rolled arrangement in round or cylindrical shoots. However, in some grasses, such as yellow foxtail and barnyard grass, the leaves are rolled in flattened shoots and in others, such as poverty oatgrass, folded leaves are in round shoots.





² This section mostly follows the general form first used by Nowosad, Swales and Dore. (8)

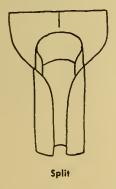
The rolled or folded character of the bud-shoot is very difficult to accurately determine (without special equipment) for the grasses with narrow leaves (2 to 4 mm.), such as the fine-leaved fescues, many of the bluegrasses and the bents. The use of this character as a point of separation for such grasses has therefore been avoided in so far as possible.

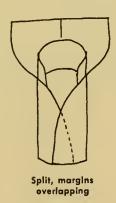
The arrangement of the leaves in the bud-shoot may be determined by cutting the shoot across below the ligule of the uppermost leaf and examining the section with a magnifier.

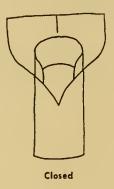
2. Sheath

The sheath is the tubular basal portion of the leaf surrounding the stem or the young growing leaves. Sheaths looked at in cross-section may range from distinctly flattened, as in orchard grass, to round, as in timothy.

Sometimes the midrib extends downward into the sheath and the sheath is said to be keeled. The sheath is generally split to the base or node and the margins are overlapping as illustrated below. Some grasses, notably the bromegrass and cheats (Bromus spp.), are closed to near the top. This character needs careful examination for in some cases a closed sheath is easily split by rough handling.

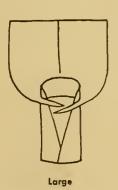


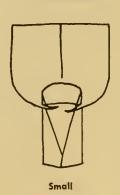


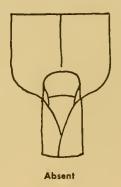


The surface of the sheath may be rough to the touch or more or less covered with hairs or it may be smooth (without roughness or hairs). Frequently we find sheaths with purple or reddish tints. These tints, except in a few cases, are not reliable as a means of identification. Where color is used the lowermost sheaths should be examined at or just below the soil surface. In some cases the margins of split sheaths are helpful in distinguishing one grass from another. Most grasses have margins that are thin and hyaline or paper-like while in some, one or both margins may be distinctly hairy.

3. Auricles



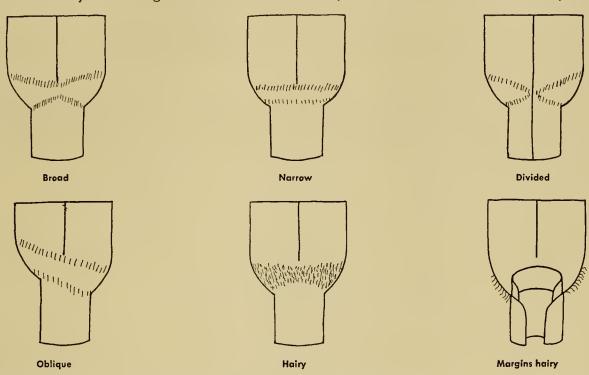




Auricles are claw-like appendages which project from the collar, one from each side. When present they may be large and conspicuous, as in barley, or small and slender as in the ryegrasses and quackgrass. The auricles of wheat and tall fescue generally are more or less hairy.

4. Collar

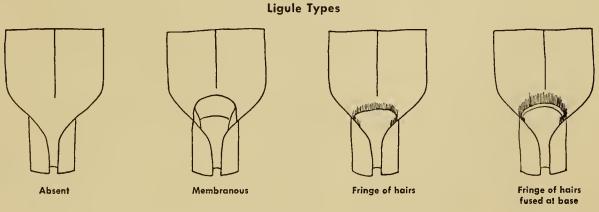
The collar is a band, generally much lighter in color, marking the division between the sheath and the blade. It may be a broad or narrow band continuous from one margin to the other or it may be divided by a darker green midrib. Broad collars, whether continuous or divided, are most



generally narrow in the midrib area and may be said to resemble two letter V's placed point to point. The surface of the collar, viewed with the bottom of the blade upward, is generally smooth but may be rather uniformly hairy or have long or short hairs only on the margins. The hairs on the collar margins are sometimes conspicuously long or dense.

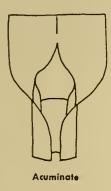
5. Ligule

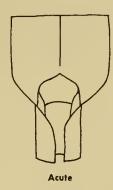
The ligule is an upward-pointing growth found on the inside of the leaf at the junction of the blade and sheath. It may be a thin membrane or a fringe of hairs or may be absent as in barnyard

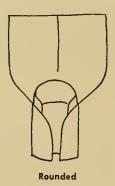


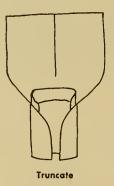
grass. A special type sometimes found is a fringe of hairs fused at base. This is essentially a fringe of relatively long hairs on a short membrane. Careful examination of this membrane will show that many or all of the hairs can be distinguished as continuing to the base but are apparently fused or cemented together. This could appear to be a short membrane that is long ciliate (see ligule margins below). To avoid confusion in this key those ligules where the membranous portion is much shorter than the fringe of hairs has been described as a "fringe of hairs fused at base". Where the membranous portion is much longer than the hairs, the ligule is described as "membranous ciliate".





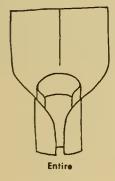


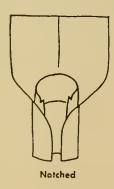


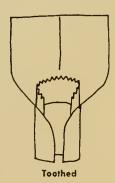


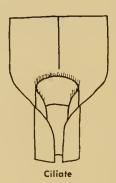
The shape of the ligule (illustrated above) and the ligule margins (illustrated below) apply only to the membranous types. Both shape and margin in most species may vary considerably but in

Ligule Margins











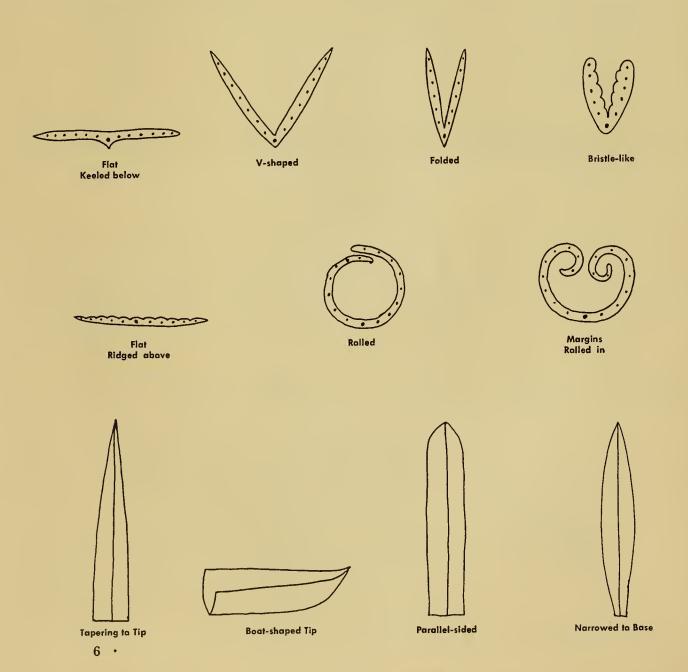
some cases, as the notched margin in timothy, are quite helpful in identification. Margins of ligules often become split or frayed in older leaves, so care should be taken to examine only young fresh blades.

The length of the ligule may vary from minute (.2mm. long or less) to more than 10 mm. The outer surface of the ligule is usually smooth but careful examination of some ligules with a good magnifier will show them to be minutely hairy on the back. This appears to be a somewhat inconsistent character, or at least difficult to accurately determine and has not been used in the key.

6. Blade

The blade is the upper, non-clasping part of the leaf above the collar and ligule. It is usually long and flat but sometimes narrow leaves are so tightly folded as to appear solid or bristle-like. Broad blades may be flat, V-shaped, rolled, or have both margins rolled inward. The width of the blades, although variable within a certain limit in a species or on a single plant, are of considerable value in separating many grasses. The shape of the blade is of considerable value in a few cases.

The blade surfaces and the blade margins may be smooth, rough or hairy. In some cases the veins are so prominent on the upper surface as to form ridges. On the lower surface, the midrib may be prominent and form a keel. The partially closed blade tip that is shaped like the prow of a boat is common to the bluegrasses and is valuable in identification. The shade of green color in the blade is so dependent on the conditions of moisture, fertility and light that it is not dependable as a character in identification. Some species, however, have a definite blue-green color (glaucous) and this characteristic can be used in distinguishing them.



7. Rhizomes and Stolons

Grasses have fine fibrous root systems. Many grasses have a thickened, generally whitish, creeping underground stem or rhizome. These rhizomes send up new shoots from the nodes and enable the plant to spread vegetatively. Other grasses have prostrate, above-ground, creeping stems or stolons which also root at the nodes or tips. The presence or absence of rhizomes or stolons frequently is a great help in distinguishing one species from another.

8. Inflorescence

The common forms of grass inflorescence (flowering parts) are the spike (quackgrass), raceme (crabgrass) and panicle (redtop). The character of the inflorescence is not used as a basis of separation in this vegetative key. A simplified description of the inflorescence of each species is given, however, as an aid in establishing positive identification whenever inflorescence is present.

9. Geographical Range

The geographical range of the various grasses in the states of the Northeast is that given by Hitchcock (6) with such modifications as were indicated by the author's collections. The range given is meant to be only that of general occurrence and for most grasses would also include the area of the Northeast west of the state named. Some species may be occasionally found considerably north of their general range. Geographical range is not used as a point of separation of species in the key but in some cases may be valuable information to help in positive identification.

10. Where Found

Most grasses are found over a wide range of situations such as cultivated fields, meadows, open ground and waste places. Others, however, are found only in rather specific locations such as bogs, salt marshes and on dune sand. Where the conditions of growth are quite specific, it is a valuable characteristic that can be used in separating species.

USING THE KEY

Many grasses are highly variable in their vegetative characters. There may be great differences in the vegetative descriptions of the same species grown under different climatic conditions. Frequently there is considerable variation among plants growing close together. For this reason, when collecting a specimen for identification, it is well to gather plants from several different spots.

In using the key, a 10X magnifier is essential. A Pocket Comparator or other device for making fine measurements will also be very helpful.

Where separations are based on width of blade or length of ligule, reference is to the widest blades or the longest ligules (unless otherwise specified) present on the specimens.

The characters given in the key are arranged in pairs bearing the same number but different letters as 1a, 1b; or 12a, 12b. The two parts of any pair are opposing or partly opposing characters. No grass plant can fit both; every plant should fit one or the other.

With a given grass in hand read both parts of the first pair, "1a. Blade more than 3 mm. wide—1b. Blade less than 3 mm. wide." If this particular specimen has blades more than 3 mm. wide read next pair 4, as directed by the figure at the end of that line. If a ligule is present (4a) go next

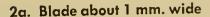
to pair 5, if ligule is membranous (5b), go next to pair 9. Continue in this way to select the alternative which best agrees with the specimen in hand until reference is to a Group. Turn to this group and continue to a grass species. Check the specimen with the details of the description given under the species name and in the drawing at right (drawings are diagrammatic and not to scale). Where the inflorescence is present, the simplified description given may also be helpful in checking correct identification. In a few species geographical distribution and the information on occurrence may be of value.

IDENTIFICATION KEY

	IDENTIFICATION KEY			
1a. 1b.	Blade 3 mm. or less wide			2 4
	2a. Sheath distinctly flattened or compressed	Group	1, page	9 3
3a. 3b.	Ligule .5 mm. or less long Ligule more than .5 mm. long	Group	3, page	16
	4a. Ligule present	Group	4, page	
	Ligule membranousLigule a fringe of hairs			
	6a. Ligule 1 mm. or less long			7 8
7a. 7b.	Blade 5 mm. or less wide	Group Group	5, page 6, page	2 <i>1</i> 2 <i>3</i>
	8a. At least one sheath margin hairy	Group Group	7, page 8, page	29 33
9a. 9b.	Sheath closed to near top	Group	9, page	<i>38</i> 10
	10a. Sheath distinctly flattened			11
11a. 11b.	Ligule 1 mm. or less long Ligule more than 1 mm. long	Group	10, page	<i>41</i> 12
	12a. Leaves rolled in bud-shoot	Group	11, page	<i>45</i> 13
13a. 13b.	Ligule 2 mm. or less long Ligule more than 2 mm. long	Group Group	12, page 13, page	48 50
	14a. Ligule 3 mm. or more long			15
15a. 15b.	Blade 10 mm. or less wide	Group	14, page	52
	16a. Auricles present	Group	16, page	59
17a. 17b.	Blade 10 mm. or less wide			18
	18a. Ligule 1 mm. or less long			19
19a. 19b.	Sheath hairy at least at top or throat	Group Group	18, page 19, page	65 66 [°]
	20a. Ligule 2 mm. or less long	Group	20, page	68

GROUP 1

la.	Blade hairy above	
1h	Blade not hairy above	-



1. Aristida dichotoma—Poverty Grass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened and keeled, smooth or sometimes sparsely long hairy, split; auricles absent; collar narrow, divided; ligule a minute fringe of hairs; blade about 1 mm. wide, rough and sparsely long hairy above, smooth below, margins rough. Inflorescence—few-flowered, narrow, terminal and axillary panicles. Common throughout. Dry open ground.

	2b. Blade more than 1 mm. wide	3
3a.	Collar hairy at least on margins	4
3b.	Collar not hairy	

2. Festuca octoflora—Six-weeks Fescue

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth or sometimes rough or short hairy, split with overlapping margins; auricles absent; collar narrow; ligule membranous, .2 to .3 mm. long, truncate, sometimes lacerate or ciliate; blade to 2 mm. wide, short hairy above and below and on margins. Inflorescence—a narrow panicle with short branches. New York south. Open sterile ground.

4a. Ligule about .2 mm. long

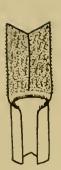
3. Sporobolus clandestinus—Scratch Dropseed

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, dense long hairy or hairy at throat, split with overlapping margins; auricles absent; collar broad with a narrow band of hairs; ligule a fringe of hairs about .2 mm. long; blade about 3 mm. wide, long hairy above and below, margins rough. Inflorescence—a narrow contracted panicle. Connecticut south. Sandy fields.

4b. Ligule 2 to 3 mm. long

4. Cynodon dactylon—Bermuda Grass

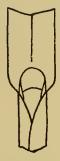
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath loose, distinctly flattened, sparsely short hairy with a tuft of hairs at throat, split with overlapping margins; auricles absent; collar narrow, hairy on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, 2 to 3 mm. long; blade 2 to 3 mm. wide, sparsely short hairy above, smooth below, margins rough. Inflorescence—4 or 5 digitate spikes. Maryland south. Common in fields and grasslands.

















5a. Ligule more than 1 mm. long

5. Poa annua—Annual Bluegrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth, generally split with overlapping margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to medium broad, divided; ligule membranous, mostly 1 to 2 mm. long, rounded to acute; blade 2 to 3 mm. wide, smooth above and below and on margins, blade-tip boat-shaped. Inflorescence—a small, open, fewbranched panicle. Common throughout. Lawns, pastures, open ground and waste places.

.	9		
	6a.	Blade 2 mm. or less wide	- 7
	4 L	Plade more than 2 mm wide	١.

7a. Blade rolled, very narrow (about .5 mm. wide), bristle-like

6. Festuca capillata—Hair Fescue

5h Liquie 1 mm or less long

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath flattened, smooth, split; auricles absent; collar narrow, divided, indistinct; ligule membranous, .2 to .4 mm. long, truncate; blade bristle-like (about. 5 mm. wide), smooth. Inflorescence—a very slender panicle. Throughout. Lawns and waste places.

7b. Blade not as above (1 mm. or more wide), may be bristle-like 8

8a. Ligule a fringe of hairs

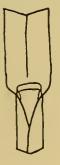
7. Aristida oligantha—Prairie Three-awn Grass

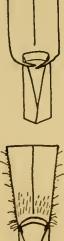
Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow, divided; ligule a fringe of hairs, about .2 mm. long; blade 1 to 2 mm. wide, rough and sometimes sparsely long hairy above, smooth below, margins rough. Inflorescence—a narrow, loosely flowered panicle. Massachusetts south. Open dry ground.

9a.	Plants densely tufted, base of stems not usually decumbent	10
9b.	Plants not densely tufted, base of stems usually decumbent	
8. 1	Festuca rubra—Red Fescue	

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth or very short hairy, split; auricles absent; collar mostly broad; ligule membranous, .2 to .3 mm. long, truncate; blade about 2 mm. wide, smooth above and below, margins smooth or slightly rough. Inflorescence—a narrow, contracted panicle. Common throughout. Lawns, meadows and waste places.







10a. Plant pale bluish green

9. Festuca ovina—Sheep Fescue

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth, split; auricles absent; collar medium broad, divided, indistinct; ligule membranous, about .3 mm. long, rounded; blade 1 to 1.5 mm. wide, bristle-like, smooth above and below and on margins. Inflorescence—a narrow panicle, sometimes almost spike-like. Throughout. Occasionally cultivated.

10b. Plant dark green

10. Festuca rubra var. commutata—Chewings Fescue

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth or very short hairy, split; auricles absent; collar broad; ligule membranous, .2 to .4 mm. long; blade 1 to 2 mm. wide, smooth above and below and on margins. Inflorescence—a narrow contracted panicle. Cultivated for lawns.

11a. Blade tip boat-shaped

11. Poa pratensis-Kentucky Bluegrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, divided, may have fine hairs on margins; ligule membranous, mostly .2 to .3 mm. long but to .6 mm., truncate; blade 2 to 3 mm. wide, smooth to slightly rough above, smooth and keeled below, margins smooth to slightly rough or occasionally short hairy near base, tip boat-shaped. Inflorescence—an open, pyramidal panicle. Common throughout. Lawns, meadows, open ground and waste places.

12a. Auricles present

12. Lolium perenne—Perennial Ryegrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles small, slender; collar broad, divided, indistinct; ligule membranous, .4 to .6 mm. long, truncate; blade 2 to 3 mm. wide, smooth above and on margins, smooth and glossy below. Inflorescence—long, narrow, flat spikes with unawned spikelets placed edge to rachis. Common throughout. Cultivated.

12b. Auricles absent

13. Muhlenbergia schreberi-Nimblewill

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth, split; auricles absent; collar broad, hairy on margins; ligule membranous, .4 to .6 mm. long, rounded; blade 2 to 2.5 mm. wide, smooth above and hairy near base, smooth below, margins rough and sparsely long hairy. Inflorescence—numerous, slender panicles. New Hampshire south. Lawns, pastures and waste places.

GROUP 2

1a. Blade hairy above at least near base	
1b. Blade not hairy above	
2a. Collar hairy at least on margins	
2b. Collar not hairy	
3a. Blade flat, 2 to 3 mm. wide	
3b. Blade rolled and bristle-like, to 1.5 mm. wide	
14. Aristida purpurascens—Arrow-feather	
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth ping margins; auricles absent; collar broad; ligule mm. long, truncate, short ciliate; blade rolled and briwide, smooth above with a few hairs near base, smooth use. Inflorescence—a narrow, lax and nodding phalf entire length of plant. Massachusetts south.	membranous, to stle-like, to 1.5 mm oth below, margin anicle, one-third to
4a. Blade short hairy above	
15. Festuca myuros—Rattail Fescue Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth ping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow; .2 to .4 mm. long, truncate; blade 2 to 3 mm. wide smooth below and on margins. Inflorescence—a nappressed branches. Coastal Plain, Massachusetts se	ligule membranous, short hairy above arrow panicle with
4b. Blade rough above, hairy behind ligule	
16. Muhlenbergia schreberi—Nimblewill Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, sharply with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; a membranous, about .2 mm. long, truncate; blade 2 to above and hairy behind ligule, smooth below, mar Inflorescence—numerous, slender panicles. New Lawns, pastures and waste places.	collar narrow; ligul o 3 mm. wide, rough gins slightly rough
5a. Sheath hairy at least near top	

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping margins; auricles absent; collar broad, sparsely hairy on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, .2 to .3 mm. long; blade about 2 mm. wide, sparse long hairy near base above, smooth below, margins rough. Inflorescence—a pale or whitish or purplish, contracted, spike-like panicle. Vermont

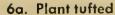




5b. Sheath smooth

south. Sandy meadows.

17. Sporobolus asper—Tall Dropseed



18. Danthonia spicata—Poverty Oatgrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath round, usually long hairy with a tuft of long hairs at throat, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow, generally with long hairs on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, .2 to .4 mm. long; blade .2 to .3 mm. wide, short hairy above, rough below at least near tip, margins rough or short hairy. Inflorescence—a narrow panicle with stiff, short branches bearing one spikelet. Common throughout. Dry and sterile or rocky soil.

6b. Plants with slender creeping rhizomes or stolons

19. Zoysia matrella—Japanese Lawngrass Zoysia spp.—Emerald Zoysia

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round or somewhat flattened, smooth but mostly with a tuft of hairs at throat, split with overlapping margins; auricles absent; collar hairy at least on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs about .2 mm. long; blade 2 to 3 mm. wide, hairy above at least near base, smooth below, margins smooth to rough. Inflorescence—short, terminal, spike-like. Maryland and Delaware south. Cultivated for lawns.

7a.	Ligule membranous	13
7b.	Ligule a fringe of hairs	8

8a. Plants extensively creeping by strong, flat stolons

20. Cynodon spp.—U 3 Bermuda Grass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round to somewhat flattened, smooth with a tuft of hairs at throat, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar medium broad to narrow, sometimes with a few long hairs on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, .2 to .3 mm. long; blade 1.5 to 2 mm. wide, smooth to somewhat rough above, smooth below at least near base, margins rough. Inflorescence—4 or 5 digitate spikes. Maryland and Delaware south. Cultivated.

8b. Plants not creeping by stolons	9
9a. Collar hairy on margins	11
9b. Collar not hairy on margins	10

10a. Blade bristle-like, 1 to 1.5 mm. wide

21. Aristida dichotoma—Poverty Grass

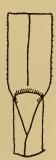
Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow, divided; ligule a fringe of hairs about .4 mm. long; blade 1 to 1.5 mm. wide, bristle-like, rough above, smooth below, margins slightly rough. Inflorescence—few-flowered, narrow, terminal and axillary panicles. Common throughout. Dry open ground.



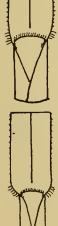














10b. Blade flat, 2 to 3 mm. wide

22. Eragrostis pectinacea—Pink Lovegrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, sometimes long hairy at top, split with overlapping margins; auricles absent; collar medium broad to narrow, sometimes divided; ligule a fringe of hairs, .2 to .4 mm. long; blade 2 to 3 mm. wide, smooth to rough above, smooth below, margins at least slightly rough. Inflorescence—a delicate, open panicle. Throughout. Fields, open ground and waste places.

11a. Sheath	not hairy																			•	•									1	2
-------------	-----------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	---	---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	---	---

11b. Sheath with a tuft of hairs at throat

23. Danthonia spicata—Poverty Oatgrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath round to somewhat flattened, smooth with a tuft of hairs at throat, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar medium broad, indistinct, hairy on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, .2 to .3 mm. long; blade 2 to 3 mm. wide, rough above, smooth below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a narrow panicle with stiff, short branches bearing one spikelet. Common throughout. Dry and sterile or rocky soil.

12a. Collar narrow, continuous

24. Eragrostis poaeoides—Low Lovegrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow, hairy on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs about .2 mm. long; blade 1.5 to 2.5 mm. wide, smooth above, smooth and glossy below, margins rough. Inflorescence—an erect, open panicle. Throughout, not common. Waste places.

12b. Collar broad, divided

25. Sporobolus vaginiflorus—Dropseed

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, divided, hairy on margins; ligule a minute fringe of hairs; blade 1.5 to 2.5 mm. wide, smooth above and below, margins slightly rough. Inflorescence—a short, slender panicle. Throughout. Sandy soil or open waste ground.

13a. Low plants growing in dense colonies at edges of brackish marshes and streams

26. Distichlis spicata—Seashore Saltgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, may be hairy on margins; ligule membranous, about .2 mm. long; blade 2 to 3 mm. wide, smooth above and below and on margins, frequently bristle-like. Inflorescence—a pale or greenish, short, condensed panicle. Maine south. Seashores, forming dense colonies.

14

14a.	Sheath	smooth		•		 •	•	•	•	• 1	 •	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	 •	•	•	٠	۰	•	1	0
1.4%	Shoath	short hair	rV																							1	5

15a. Leaves glaucous, blue-green; plant densely tufted

27. Festuca ovina-Sheep Fescue

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath round, short hairy, split with over-lapping margins; auricles absent; collar narrow, indistinct; ligule membranous, to .5 mm. long, truncate; blade 1 to 2 mm. wide, bristle-like, rough above, smooth to rough below, margins smooth. Inflorescence—a narrow panicle, sometimes almost spike-like. Throughout. Occasionally cultivated.

15b. Leaves not glaucous, dark green; plant not densely tufted

28. Festuca rubra—Red Fescue

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath round, short hairy, split part-way only; auricles absent; collar narrow, indistinct; ligule membranous, about .5 mm. long, truncate; blade 1.5 to 3 mm. wide, bristle-like, smooth above and below and on margins. Inflorescence—a narrow, contracted panicle. Common throughout. Lawns, meadows and waste places.

16a.	Collar narrow, leaves mostly bristle-like	18
16b.	Collar medium broad, leaves flat	17

17a. Collar hairy

29. Sporobolus clandestinus—Scratch Dropseed

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar medium broad, hairy with a few long hairs on margins; ligule membranous, minute; blade to 3 mm. wide, rough above, smooth and glossy below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a narrow, contracted panicle. Connecticut south. Sandy fields.

17b. Collar not hairy

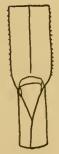
30. Agrostis tenuis-Colonial Bent

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar medium broad, may be divided; ligule membranous, to .4 mm. long, truncate; blade 1 to 3 mm. wide, flat, smooth to rough above, smooth below at least near base, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—an open, delicate panicle. Common throughout. Pastures, lawns and waste places.



















18a. Basal sheaths reddish, shining, perennials

31. Festuca rubra—Red Fescue

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath mostly somewhat flattened, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow, generally divided; ligule membranous, .2 to .5 mm. long, truncate; blade 1 to 3 mm. wide, generally bristle-like, smooth to rough above and on margins, smooth below. Inflorescence—a narrow, contracted panicle. Common throughout. Lawns, meadows and waste places.

18b.	Basal	sheaths no	t reddish	annuals	 	19
18b.	Basal	sheaths no	t reddish	, annuals	 	

19a. Blade margins smooth

32. Festuca myuros—Rattail Fescue

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow, may be divided; ligule membranous, about .2 mm. long, truncate; blade 1 to 2 mm. wide, bristle-like, smooth above and below and on margins. Inflorescence—a narrow panicle with appressed branches. Coastal Plain, Massachusetts south. Open ground.

19b. Blade margins at least slightly rough

33. Festuca octoflora—Six-weeks Fescue

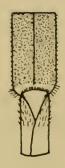
Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow; ligule membranous, .2 to .4 mm. long, truncate; blade 1 to 2 mm. wide, bristle-like, smooth above and below, margins rough to slightly rough. Inflorescence —a narrow panicle with short branches. New York south. Open, sterile ground.

GROUP 3

lα.	Collar hairy at least on margins	2
lb.	Collar not hairy	5
	2a. Sheath hairy at least at top or throat	3
	2b. Sheath not hairy	
34.	Eragrostis poaeoides—Low Lovegrass	

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping margins; auricles absent; collar broad, hairy near margins, margins hairy; ligule a fringe of hairs, 1 to 1.5 mm. long; blade to 3 mm. wide, smooth above and below, margins rough. Inflorescence—an erect, open panicle. Throughout, not common. Waste places.

3a. I	Ligule to 1	mm. or more	ong 4
-------	-------------	-------------	-------









3b. Ligule not more than .6 mm. long

35. Eragrostis pectinacea—Pink Lovegrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round to somewhat flattened, smooth, hairy at top or throat, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow, hairy on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, about .6 mm. long; blade to 3 mm. wide, rough above, smooth below and keeled near base, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a delicate, open panicle. Throughout. Fields, open ground and waste places.

4a. Sheath closed to near top

36. Bromus mollis-Soft Chess

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, soft dense long hairy, closed to near top; auricles absent; collar narrow, divided, hairy, margins hairy; ligule membranous, 1.2 to 1.7 mm. long, rounded, toothed; blade to 3 mm. wide, long white hairy above, long hairy below, margins rough and long hairy. Inflorescence—an erect, contracted crowded panicle. Throughout, not common. Waste places and cultivated soil.

4b. Sheath split to base

37. Danthonia spicata—Poverty Oatgrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath round, long hairy, split; auricles absent; collar narrow, often indistinct, long hairy on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, to 1.2 mm. long; blade 2 to 3 mm. wide, smooth or sparsely long hairy above and below, sometimes glossy below, margins at least slightly rough. Inflorescence—a narrow panicle with stiff, short branches bearing one spikelet. Common throughout. Dry and sterile or rocky soil.

5a. Ligule 1 mm. or less long	
5b. Ligule more than 1 mm. long	12
6a. Ligule membranous	7

6b. Ligule a fringe of hairs

38. Spartina patens—Salt-meadow Cordgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with over-lapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad; ligule a fringe of hairs, .4 to 1 mm. long; blade 2 to 3 mm. wide, bristle-like, rough above and on margins, smooth below. Inflorescence—2 to several comb-like spikes forming an appressed to open panicle. Maine south. Brackish marshes and beach sand along coast.

7a.	Blade 1 to 2 mm. wide	8
7b.	Blade 2 to 3 mm. wide	11
		0

8a. Blade flat











9a. Blade margins smooth

39. Agrostis palustris—Creeping Bent

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow; ligule membranous, .6 to .8 mm. long, rounded, toothed; blade about 1 mm. wide, flat, smooth above and below and on margins. Inflorescence—a narrow, dense, pale or purple panicle. Marshes along coast, also cultivated for putting green.

9b. Blade margins rough

40. Agrostis canina—Velvet Bent

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar medium broad; ligule membranous, .4 to .8 mm. long, rounded to acute; blade about 1 mm. wide, flat, smooth above and below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a loose, spreading panicle. Maine to Delaware. Meadows and open ground. Cultivated for putting greens.

10a. Lower sheaths slightly longer than the internodes

41. Festuca myuros—Rattail Fescue

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad; ligule membranous, .4 to .8 mm. long, truncate, sometimes toothed; blade 1 to 2 mm. wide, bristle-like, smooth or rough or very short hairy above, smooth below and on margins. Inflorescence—a narrow panicle with appressed branches. Coastal Plain. Massachusetts south. Open ground.

10b. Lower sheaths shorter than the internodes

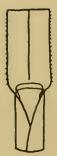
42. Festuca octoflora—Six-weeks Fescue

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow; ligule membranous, .4 to .8 mm. long, truncate; blade 1 to 2 mm. wide, bristle-like, smooth above or sometimes short hairy, smooth below, margins smooth to slightly rough. Inflorescence—a narrow panicle with short branches. New York south. Open sterile ground.

11a. Sheath hairy

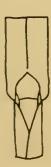
43. Digitaria filiformis—Slender Crabgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, long hairy (upper smooth), split; auricles absent; collar narrow, divided; ligule membranous, .6 to 1 mm. long, truncate; blade 2 to 3 mm. wide, smooth above and below, margins smooth and hyaline. Inflorescence-1 to 5 digitate, spike-like branches. New Hampshire south. Sandy fields and sterile open ground.









11b. Sheath smooth

44. Agrostis tenuis—Colonial Bent

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to medium broad, divided; ligule membranous, .4 to 1 mm. long, truncate; blade 2 to 3 mm. wide, smooth to rough above and below, margins rough. Inflorescence-an open, delicate panicle. Common throughout. Pastures, lawns and waste places.

12a.	. Ligule more than 3 mm. long	1	3
12b.	Liquie 3 mm. or less long	1	4

13a. Blade rough above and below

45. Agrostis stolonifera-Meadow Bent

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow, divided, indistinct; ligule membranous, 3 to 4.5 mm. acute; blade about 1.5 mm. wide, bristle-like, rough above and below and on margins. Inflorescence-a pale or purple, somewhat open panicle. Throughout. Moist, grassy places.

13b. Blade smooth above and below

46. Alopecurus carolinianus—Field Foxtail

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow, divided; ligule membranous, 4 to 5 mm. long, acuminate; blade 2 to 3 mm. wide, smooth above and below, margins rough. Inflorescence-soft, dense, cylindrical, spike-like. Long Island south. Moist ground and wet places.

14a. Blades thread-like

47. Deschampsia flexuosa—Crinkled Hairgrass

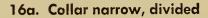
Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow; ligule membranous, 1.4 to 2 mm. long, rounded; blade rolled, thread-like, about .4 mm. wide, smooth. Inflorescence—a loose, open, nodding panicle with capillary branches. Throughout. Dry or rocky places.

15a. Plants spreading by stolons

48. Agrostis palustris-Creeping Bent

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to medium broad; ligule membranous, 1 to 2 mm. long, acute; blade 2 to 3 mm. wide, smooth to rough above and below and on margins. Inflorescencea narrow, dense, pale or purple panicle. Marshes along coast. Also cultivated for putting greens.

15b. Plants not spreading by stolons 16



49. Agrostis hiemalis—Spring Hairgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow, divided, sometimes indistinct; ligule membranous, 1 to 3 mm. long, rounded to acute; blade 1 to 3 mm. wide, smooth to rough above and below, margins at least slightly rough. Inflorescence—a purplish, spreading, slender-branched panicle. Massachusetts south. Open ground, fields and waste places.

16b. Collar broad, not divided

50. Eragrostis capillaris—Lacegrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad; ligule membranous, 1 to 2 mm. long, rounded, lacerate or toothed; blade 2 to 3 mm. wide, rough above and below and on margins. Inflorescence—an open, diffuse panicle two-thirds entire height of plant. Throughout. Dry, open ground and fields.

GROUP 4

1a. Sheath long hairy, at least at top or throat

51. Echinochloa walteri-Walter's Millet

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round to somewhat flattened, rough and long hairy at least at top or throat, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to medium broad; ligule absent; blade 10 to 20 mm. wide (sometimes to 30 mm.), rough above and below at least near tip, margins rough to very rough and hyaline. Inflorescence -a compact panicle with short, bristly, densely flowered, spike-like branches. Coastal Plain. Massachusetts south. Wet places, often in shallow water or brackish marshes.

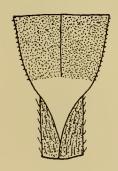
2a. A common weed

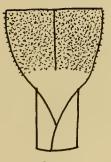
52. Echinochloa crusgalli—Barnyard Grass

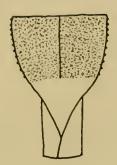
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath somewhat to distinctly flattened, mostly smooth but occasionally somewhat rough or short hairy, split to base with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad; ligule absent; blade mostly 10 to 20 mm. wide (occasionally to 30 mm.), generally rough above at least near tip, margins rough. Inflorescence—a compact panicle with short, densely flowered, spike-like branches. Throughout. Moist, open ground, fields and ditches.











2b. A cultivated annual

53. Echinochloa crusgalli var. frumentacea—Japanese Millet

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round to somewhat flattened, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow; ligule absent; blade to 30 mm. wide, rough above and below at least near tip, margins very rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a compact panicle with short, densely flowered, spike-like branches. Occasionally cultivated as a forage grass.

GROUP 5

1a.	Plant with creeping rhizomes or stolons	
1b.	Plant without creeping rhizomes or stolons	4

2a. Blade rolled and bristle-like

54. Spartina patens—Salt-meadow Cordgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad; ligule a fringe of hairs, .4 to 1 mm. long; blade 2 to 4 mm. wide, bristle-like, smooth to rough above, smooth below, margins smoth to rough. Inflorescence—2 to several comb-like spikes forming an appressed to open panicle. Maine south. Brackish marshes and beach sand along coast.

	D1 1 .	0.00	المعاللة المالية				3
h	Riade not	rolled and	bristle-like	 	 	 	~

3a. Plant with creeping rhizomes and strong flat stolons

55. Cynodon dactylon—Bermuda Grass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round to distinctly flattened, mostly smooth but may be short hairy or have a tuft of hairs at throat, split with margins hyaline and mostly overlapping; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, hairy at least on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, mostly .2 to .4 mm. long (may be longer); blade 2 to 5 mm. wide, smooth to rough or short hairy above but mostly with at least a few hairs near base, smooth to rough or short hairy below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—4 or 5 digitate spikes. Maryland south. Common in fields and grasslands.

3b. Plants with creeping rhizomes but without stolons

56. Zoysia japonica—Meyer Zoysia

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round to somewhat flattened, smooth but may have a tuft of hairs at throat, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar mostly broad, hairy at least on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, to .2 mm. long; blade 2 to 5 mm. wide, smooth or occasionally short hairy above with at least a few long hairs near base, smooth below, margins smooth to rough and occasionally long hairy near base. Inflorescence—short, terminal, spike-like. Maryland and Delaware south. Cultivated for lawns.

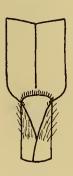






Here was to see the
TOTAL STREET
1
Sammer E
当准
1/ //
1 V I
1/1







5a. Sheath distinctly flattened

57. Cenchrus pauciflorus—Field Sandbur

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth with a tuft of hairs at throat, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, hairy on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, .6 to 1 mm. long; blade 3 to 5 mm. wide, rough above, smooth near base and rough near tip below, margins slightly rough to rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a nearly round, hairy bur with sharp spines. Throughout. Sandy open ground.

5b. Sheath not distinctly flattened

6a. Blade generally rough above

58. Danthonia spicata—Poverty Oatgrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath round to somewhat flattened, hairy at least at top or base, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar mostly narrow and hairy at least on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, mostly .2 to .6 mm. long (occasionally to 1 mm.), sometimes with longer hairs to 3 mm. long; blade 3 to 5 mm. wide, smooth to rough above, mostly smooth and glossy below but occasionally short hairy, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a narrow panicle with stiff, short branches bearing one spikelet. Common throughout. Sandy and sterile or rocky soil.

6b. Blade generally smooth above

59. Danthonia compressa—Mountain Oatgrass

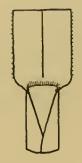
Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath round to somewhat flattened, hairy at least at top, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow, may be hairy at least on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, .2 to .4 mm. long but occasionally with longer hairs; blade 2 to 5 mm. wide, mostly smooth above at least near base but may be long hairy, smooth to occasionally long hairy below, margins smooth to rough and somewhat long hairy. Inflorescence—a narrow panicle with stiff, short branches bearing 2 or 3 spikelets. Throughout. Meadows and open woods.

7a. Blade long hairy below at least near base

60. Danthonia sericea—Downy Oatgrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, may be hairy; ligule a fringe of hairs, .6 to 1 mm. long; blade 3 to 5 mm. wide, smooth to rough above, long hairy below at least near base, margins rough or long hairy. Inflorescence—a narrow panicle with stiff, short branches bearing 2 to 6 spikelets. Massachusetts south, chiefly Coastal Plain. Sand barrens.

7b. Blade smooth below



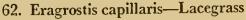
61. Eragrostis pectinacea—Pink Lovegrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round to somewhat flattened, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, may be hairy on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, .2 to .6 mm. long; blade 3 to 5 mm. wide, smooth to rough above, smooth and sometimes glossy below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a delicate, open panicle. Throughout. Fields, open ground and waste places.

GROUP 6

la.	Collar not hairy	
1b.	Collar hairy, at least on margins	9
	2a. Sheath hairy, at least at top or throat	3
	2b. Sheath smooth	6
3a.	Blade margins at least sparse hairy	4

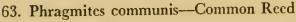
3b. Blade margins not hairy

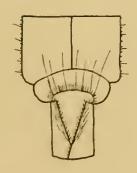


Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath slightly flattened, hairy at top at least near margins, split with hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar medium broad; ligule a fringe of hairs, about .2 mm. long; blade to 8 mm. wide, rough above and hairy near base, smooth below, margins rough. Inflorescence—an open diffuse panicle two-thirds entire height of plant. Throughout. Dry open ground and fields.

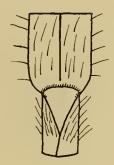


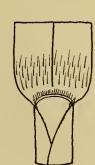
4b. Blade smooth above

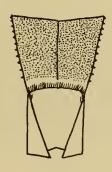




Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth and hairy at throat, split with margins hairy; auricles absent; collar broad; ligule a fringe of hairs, about 1 mm. long with scattered hairs to as much as 6 to 7 mm. long, fused at base; blade to 25 mm. wide, smooth above and below, margins rough and sparsely short hairy. Inflorescence—a large, densely flowered, tawny or purple panicle. South to Maryland. Mostly wet land and marshes.







5a. Sheath margins hyaline

64. Eragrostis spectabilis—Purple Lovegrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth with upper half long hairy, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad; ligule a minute fringe of hairs; blade 5 to 8 mm. wide, long sparse hairy above, smooth below, margins smooth and sparsely long hairy near base. Inflorescence—a diffuse, bright purple panicle two-thirds entire height of plant. Throughout. Sandy soil.

5b. Sheath margins hairy

65. Panicum capillare—Witchgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath somewhat flattened, stiff long hairy, split with overlapping margins hairy; auricles absent; collar narrow; ligule a fringe of hairs, about 1 mm. long, fused at base; blade to 17 mm. wide, short hairy above and below, margins rough and short hairy near base. Inflorescence—a very diffuse, densely flowered panicle, about half entire height of plant. Throughout. Cultivated fields, open ground and waste places.

6a.	Plants	with	large	creeping	rhizomes			•				•	•				7
-----	---------------	------	-------	----------	----------	--	--	---	--	--	--	---	---	--	--	--	---

6b. Plants without creeping rhizomes

66. Setaria lutescens-Yellow Foxtail

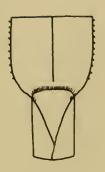
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad; ligule a fringe of hairs, about 1 mm. long, fused at base; blade to 12 mm. wide, long hairy near base above, smooth to somewhat rough below, margins smooth to rough. Inflorescence—dense, bristly, cylindrical, yellow, erect, spike-like. Common throughout. Cultivated soil and waste places.

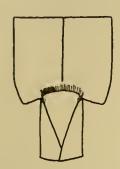
7	'a S	heath	round	8	
- 7	u	, iii Cuii	1 100110	_ , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

7b. Sheath distinctly flattened

67. Tripsacum dactyloides—Eastern Gamagrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth, split with overlapping margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, sometimes divided; ligule a fringe of hairs, .4 to 1 mm. long, sometimes fused at base; blade 20 to 25 mm. wide, rough above and below at least near tip, margins very rough. Inflorescence—1 to 3 terminal, unisexual spikes. Massachusetts south. Moist places and banks near water.





8a. Blade margin very rough

68. Spartina pectinata—Prairie Cordgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with over-lapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar medium broad, divided; ligule a fringe of hairs, .4 to .6 mm. long; blade 8 to 15 mm. wide, smooth near base and rough near tip above, margins very rough. Inflorescence—a series of comb-like spikes forming an appressed panicle. Throughout. Fresh water marshes.

8b. Blade margin smooth

69. Panicum hemitomen-Maidencane

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with over-lapping hyaline margins; auricles absent, collar broad; ligule a fringe of hairs, .8 to 1 mm. long; blade 10 to 20 mm. wide, smooth above and below, margins smooth and hyaline. Inflorescence—a narrow panicle with erect, distant branches. New Jersey south on Coastal Plain. Moist soil, often in water.

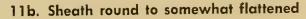
9a.	Blade hairy above, at least near base	16
9b.	Blade not hairy above	10
	10a. Ligule more than .5 mm. long	12
	10b. Ligule less than .5 mm. long	11



11a. Sheath distinctly flattened

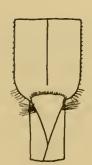
70. Uniola laxa—Slender Uniola

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth and hairy at top, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, hairy behind ligule; ligule a fringe of hairs, about .4 mm. long; blade 4 to 7 mm. wide, rough above, smooth and keeled below, margins rough. Inflorescence—a slender, nodding panicle. Coastal Plain, Long Island south. Moist shady places.



71. Eragrostis hirsuta var. laevivaginata—Smooth Lovegrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round to somewhat flattened, smooth, mostly with a tuft of hairs at throat, split with margins hyaline or one hairy; auricles absent; collar broad, hairy at least on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, .2 to .4 mm. long; blade 5 to 10 mm. wide (occasionally wider), smooth above and below, margins rough. Inflorescence—a diffuse panicle more than one-half entire height of plant. Maryland south. Dry soil.



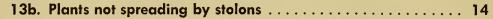
12a.	Blade not more than 10 mm, wide 1	3
12b.	Blade usually much more than 10 mm. wide 1	5

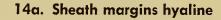


13a. Plants spreading by stolons

72. Cynodon dactylon—Bermuda Grass

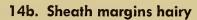
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, hairy at throat, split with hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, hairy on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, .4 to .6 mm. long, fused at base; blade 5 to 6 mm. wide, rough above, smooth near base and rough near tip below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—4 or 5 digitate spikes. Maryland south. Common in fields and grasslands.





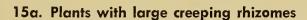
73. Eragrostis cilianensis—Stinkgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round to somewhat flattened, smooth and occasionally hairy at throat, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, hairy or hairy on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, .4 to 1 mm. long; blade 5 to 10 mm. wide, at least slightly rough above, glossy below and smooth at least near base, margins at least somewhat rough. Inflorescence—an erect, rather condensed, dark gray-green to tawny panicle. Throughout. Cultivated ground, fields and waste places.



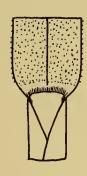
74. Setaria viridis—Green Foxtail

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round to somewhat flattened, smooth, split with overlapping margins hairy; auricles absent; collar broad, divided, hairy at least on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, .8 to 1 mm. long; blade 5 to 10 mm. wide, rough above, smooth to slightly rough and keeled below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—dense, bristly, cylindrical, green or purplish, erect, spike-like. Common throughout. Cultivated soil and waste places.

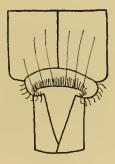


75. Phragmites communis—Common Reed

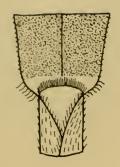
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth to somewhat rough or sparsely short hairy or hairy at top, split with overlapping scarious margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, hairy at least on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, .6 to 1 mm. long, usually with a few to 6 to 12 mm. long; blade 15 to as much as 50 mm. wide, smooth above and below, margins smooth to rough. Inflorescence—a large, densely flowered, tawny or purple panicle. South to Maryland. Mostly wet land and marshes.







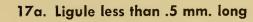
15b. Plant without creeping rhizomes



76. Setaria italica—Foxtail Millet

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, at least sparsely short hairy, split with overlapping hairy margins; auricles absent; collar medium broad to broad, hairy and hairy on margin; ligule a fringe of hairs, .6 to 1 mm. long, sometimes fused at base; blade 12 to 20 mm. wide, rough above, smooth below at least near base, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—dense, bristly, cylindrical, yellowish or purplish, spike-like. Cultivated for forage.

16a.	Sheath margins hairy (at least one)	 17
16h	Sheath margins hyaline	 19

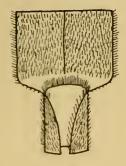




77. Eragrostis hirsuta var. laevivaginata—Smooth Lovegrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth with a tuft of hairs at throat, split with one margin hyaline and one hairy; auricles absent; collar broad, ring of hairs at base; ligule a fringe of hairs, .3 to .4 mm. long, fused at base; blade 8 to 12 mm. wide, smooth above with a few long hairs near base, smooth and glossy below, margins rough. Inflorescence—a diffuse panicle more than one-half entire height of plant. Maryland south. Dry soil.

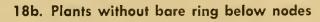
17b.	Ligule	about	1 mm.	long													•				1	8
------	--------	-------	-------	------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	---	--	--	--	---	---

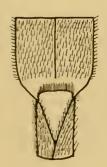


18a. Plants with a bare sticky ring just below node

78. Panicum scoparium—Velvety Panicum

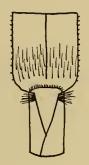
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, dense velvety white hairy, split with at least one margin hairy; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, dense white hairy; ligule a fringe of hairs, about 1 mm. long; blade 15 to 25 mm. wide, velvety short hairy above and below, margins short hairy. Inflorescence—an open, many branched panicle with sticky blotches on axis and branches. Massachusetts south. Wet or damp soil.





79. Panicum capillare—Witchgrass

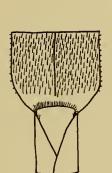
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath somewhat flattened, long stiff white hairy, split with overlapping hairy margins; auricles absent; collar narrow, hairy; ligule a fringe of hairs, about 1 mm. long; blade 10 to 15 mm. wide, short hairy above and below, keeled below, margins rough and short hairy. Inflorescence—a very diffuse, densely flowered panicle, about half entire height of plant. Throughout. Cultivated fields, open ground and waste places.



19a. Ligule about .2 mm. long

80. Eragrostis spectabilis—Purple Lovegrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth with a tuft of hairs at throat, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, ring of hairs at base; ligule a fringe of hairs, about .2 mm. long; blade 8 to 10 mm. wide, long hairy near base above, smooth below, margin rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a diffuse, bright purple panicle two-thirds entire height of plant. Throughout. Sandy soil.



19b.	Ligule at least .4 mm. long	20
	20a. Sheath distinctly flattened	21
	20b. Sheath not distinctly flattened	

81. Tridens flavus-Purpletop

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, sometimes hairy at top, split with overlapping margins; auricles absent; collar broad, hairy; ligule a fringe of hairs, .4 to .8 mm. long; blade 8 to 17 mm. wide, hairy above, smooth at least near base below, margins at least slightly rough. Inflorescence—an open purple or nearly black panicle. New Hampshire south. Old fields.

21a. Plants with short knotty branching rhizomes

82. Setaria geniculata—Knotroot Foxtail

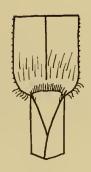
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar medium broad, hairy on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, .4 to .8 mm. long; blade 5 to 11 mm. wide, hairy above at least on lower half, keeled and smooth below at least near base, margins smooth to slightly rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—dense, bristly, cylindrical, yellow or purplish, erect, spikelike. Massachusetts south. Open ground, cultivated soil, pastures, moist ground and salt marshes.



21b. Plants without rhizomes

83. Setaria lutescens-Yellow Foxtail

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, keeled, smooth, sometimes sparsely hairy at base, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, divided, hairy on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, .5 to 1 mm. long; blade 5 to 10 mm. wide, smooth to slightly rough above and mostly with a few long hairs near base, smooth below at least near base, margins at least slightly rough. Inflorescence—dense, bristly, cylindrical, yellow, erect, spike-like. Common throughout. Cultivated soil and waste places.



GROUP 7

1a.	Sheath distinctly flattened	
1h	Sheath not distinctly flattened	

2a. Sheath hairy

84. Cenchrus tribuloides-Dune Sandbur

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, keeled, sparsely long or short hairy, split with margins hairy; auricles absent; collar narrow, sometimes hairy; ligule a fringe of hairs, 1 to 2 mm. long; blade 4 to 7 mm. wide, smooth to rough above, smooth and keeled below, margins smooth to rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a nearly round, hairy bur with sharp spines. Staten Island, N. Y., south. Loose sands of coast.

			•
2h.	Sheath	not hairy	

3a. Sheath loose or inflated

85. Cenchrus pauciflorus—Field Sandbur

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath loose, distinctly flattened, keeled, smooth, split with overlapping margins hairy; auricles absent; collar narrow; ligule a fringe of hairs, 1 to 1.6 mm. long; blade 5 to 10 mm. wide, rough above, keeled and rough below at least near tip, margins rough. Inflorescence—a nearly round, hairy bur with sharp spines. Throughout. Sandy open ground.

21.	Charath mat lanc	or inflated	 	. 4

4a. Ligule more than 2 mm. long

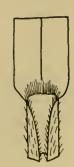
86. Setaria magna—Giant Millet

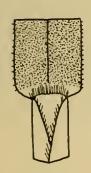
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, keeled, smooth, split with overlapping hairy margins; auricles absent; collar narrow; ligule a fringe of hairs, 2.5 to 3.5 mm. long; blade 15 to 45 mm. wide, rough above and below and on margins, keeled below. Inflorescence—dense, bristly, cylindrical, nodding, spike-like, to 20 in. long. New Jersey south. Marshes and wet places along coast.

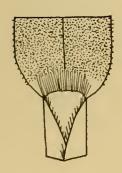
4b. Ligule less than 2 mm. long

87. Setaria verticillata—Bristly Foxtail

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, keeled, smooth, split with overlapping hairy margins; auricles absent; collar narrow, divided; ligule a fringe of hairs, 1 to 1.4 mm. long; blade to 8 mm. wide, rough above, smooth near base and rough near tip below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—dense, bristly, cylindrical, erect, spike-like, with barbed bristles. Massachusetts south. Cultivated soil and waste places.

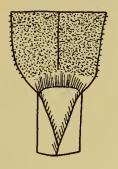


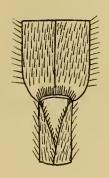


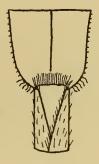




	ر ا







5α.	Ligule not more than 2 mm. long	C
5b.	Ligule more than 2 mm. long	11
	6a. Blade generally more than 15 mm. wide	7
	4h Blade generally 15 mm or loss wide	\$

7a. Plants with large creeping rhizomes

88. Panicum hemitomen—Maidencane

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth or sometimes densely hairy, split with one margin hairy; auricles absent; collar broad; ligule a fringe of hairs, 1 to 1.6 mm. long; blade to 22 mm. wide, smooth above and below, margins smooth to slightly rough. Inflorescence—a narrow panicle with erect, distant branches. New Jersey south on Coastal Plain. Moist soil, often in water.

7b. Plants without creeping rhizomes

89. Setaria italica—Foxtail Millet

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round to somewhat flattened, mostly smooth but may be short hairy or slightly rough, split with overlapping margins hairy; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, sometimes divided, hairy; ligule a fringe of hairs, 1 to 2 mm. long; blade to 40 mm. wide, rough above, rough below at least near tip, margins rough to very rough. Inflorescence—dense, bristly, cylindrical, yellowish or purplish, spike-like. Cultivated for forage.

8a.	Sheath	hairy		 •	•			 •	•	•	 • •	٠.	•	•	•	 •	•	•	٠	•	•	 •	•	9
8b.	Sheath	not he	airy					 ٠								 								10

9a. Sheath dense long hairy

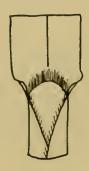
90. Panicum capillare—Witchgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, dense long hairy, split with overlapping hairy margins; auricles absent; collar broad, hairy; ligule a fringe of hairs, 1.4 to 1.6 mm. long, fused at base; blade 10 to 13 mm. wide, dense long hairy above, short hairy below, margins long hairy. Inflorescence—a very diffuse, densely flowered panicle, about half entire height of plant. Throughout. Cultivated fields, open ground and waste places.

9b. Sheath sparsely short hairy

91. Setaria viridis—Green Foxtail

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, sparsely short hairy, split with at least one margin hairy; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, hairy at least on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, 1 to 2 mm. long; blade 8 to 15 mm. wide, smooth to rough above and below, midrib prominent below, margins rough. Inflorescence—dense, bristly, cylindrical, green or purplish, erect, spike-like. Common throughout. Cultivated soil and waste places.







10a. Plants with large creeping rhizomes, only in salt marshes

92. Spartina alterniflora—Smooth Cordgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with over-lapping margins hairy; auricles absent; collar broad, indistinct; ligule a fringe of hairs, 1 to 2 mm. long; blade 10 to 12 mm. wide, smooth above and below, margins smooth and hyaline. Inflorescence—a series of comb-like spikes forming an appressed panicle. Maine south along coast. Salt marshes, often in water.

10b. Plants without creeping rhizomes

93. Setaria viridis-Green Foxtail

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round to somewhat flattened, smooth, split with overlapping margins hairy; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, divided, sometimes hairy; ligule a fringe of hairs, 1 to 2 mm. long; blade 8 to 15 mm. wide, rough above, smooth to somewhat rough below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—dense, bristly, cylindrical, green or purplish, erect, spike-like. Common throughout. Cultivated soil and waste places.

11a.	Ligule 3 mm. or less long	12							
11b.	lb. Ligule more than 3 mm. long								
	12a. Sheath hairy at least at top	13							
	12b. Sheath not hairy	15							



94. Panicum scoparium—Velvety Panicum

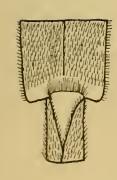
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, dense velvety short hairy, split with overlapping margins hairy; auricles absent; collar medium broad to broad, hairy; ligule a fringe of hairs, 1.5 to 3 mm. long; blade 10 to 20 mm. wide, short velvety hairy above and below, margins short hairy. Inflorescence—an open, many branched panicle with sticky blotches on axis and branches. Massachusetts south. Wet or damp soil.

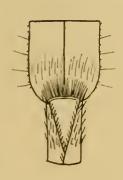
13b.	Sheath	smooth,	hairy	at top	only																1
------	--------	---------	-------	--------	------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	---

14a. Blade smooth above, long hairy near base

95. Panicum amaralum—Bitter Panicgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth and hairy at top, split with overlapping margins hairy; auricles absent; collar broad, divided; ligule a fringe of hairs, 2 to 3 mm. long, fused at base; blade 10 to 13 mm. wide, smooth above with long hairs near base, smooth and midrib prominent below, margins rough and hyaline with a few long hairs. Inflorescence—a large, compact, densely flowered, slightly nodding panicle. New Jersey south. Sandy shores and coast dunes.



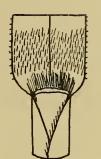




14b. Blade rough and short hairy above

96. Setaria faberii—Giant Foxtail

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth and hairy at top, split with overlapping margins hairy; auricles absent; collar broad, hairy on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, 2 to 3 mm. long; blade 10 to 20 mm. wide, rough and short hairy above, smooth and keeled below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—dense, bristly, cylindrical, nodding, spike-like. New York south. Common. Waste and cultivated ground.



15a. Blade not more than 15 mm. wide

97. Panicum virgatum—Switchgrass

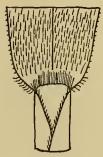
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with at least one margin hairy; auricles absent; collar broad, may be hairy on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs 2 to 3 mm. long, fused at base; blade 7 to 15 mm. wide, mostly hairy above at least near base but may be smooth, smooth below at least near base, margins at least slightly rough and hyaline or scarious. Inflorescence—an open, widely spreading panicle. Common throughout. Open ground and brackish marshes.



16a. Blade short hairy above

98. Setaria faberii—Giant Foxtail

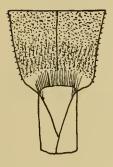
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping margins hairy; auricles absent; collar broad, may be divided, hairy on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, 2 to 3 mm. long, may be fused at base; blade 10 to 20 mm. wide, short hairy above, smooth below at least near base with midrib prominent, margins rough to very rough. Inflorescence—dense, bristly, cylindrical, nodding, spike-like. New York south. Common. Waste and cultivated ground.

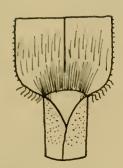


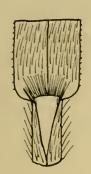
16b. Blade rough or short hairy near base only

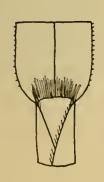
99. Setaria italica—Foxtail Millet

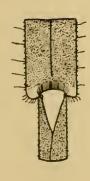
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth to somewhat rough, split with overlapping hairy margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, sometimes divided, hairy; ligule a fringe of hairs, 2 to 3 mm. long; blade to 30 mm. wide, rough above and short hairy near base, slightly rough below with midrib prominent, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—dense, bristly, cylindrical, yellowish or purplish, spikelike. Cultivated for forage.











17b. Blade 20 to 40 mm, wide

100. Pennisetum spp.—Gahi No. 1 Millet

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath somewhat flattened, slightly rough or hairy at top, split with overlapping margins hyaline or hairy; auricles absent; collar broad, may be divided, hairy at least on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, 3 to 6 mm. long; blade 20 to 40 mm. wide, smooth to slightly rough above and long hairy near base, smooth to rough below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a stiff, cylindrical, very dense panicle. May be cultivated in southern part for forage.

18a. Blade long hairy above and below

101. Panicum villosissimum-White-haired Panicgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath loose, round, long hairy, split with overlapping hairy margins; auricles absent; collar broad, hairy, ligule a fringe of hairs, 3 to 5 mm. long; blade 5 to 12 mm. wide, long hairy above and below, margins rough. Inflorescence—a loosely flowered panicle with branches stiffly ascending or spreading. Massachusetts south. Dry or sterile soil.

18b. Blade not long hairy above and below

102. Panicum virgatum—Switchgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth or somewhat hairy, split with margins overlapping and at least one hairy; auricles absent; collar medium broad to broad, may be divided, sometimes hairy on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, 3 to 6.5 mm. long, may be fused at base; blade 7 to 15 mm. wide, mostly smooth above but may be long hairy near base, smooth below, margins rough. Inflorescence—an open, widely spreading panicle. Common throughout. Open ground and brackish marshes.

GROUP 8

1a. Ligule 2 mm. or less long	2
1b. Liqule more than 2 mm. long	12

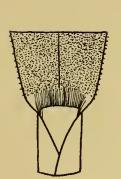
2a. Blade 5 mm. or less wide

103. Triplasis purpurea—Purple Sandgrass

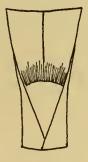
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, rough, purplish, split with overlapping margins, hairy at nodes; auricles absent; collar medium broad, hairy on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, 1 to 1.4 mm. long; blade 3 to 4.5 mm. wide, very rough above and below, margins rough with a few long hairs near base. Inflorescence—a short, few-branched, spreading panicle. Maine south. Dry sand.

2b.	Blade more	than 5	mm.	wide				 					

1
/







3a.	Sheath	hai	ry		•							•		•				•	•	•	•	 •			 	٠		1 1
3b.	Sheath	not	ha	iry			•		•					•	•	•		•		•	•	 •	•	• •	 •	•	• •	4
	4a. She	eath	di	stin	ct	ly	fl	at	te	n	ec	j					•								 			9

4b. Sheath not distinctly flattened

5a. Collar hairy on margins

104. Spartina pectinata—Prairie Cordgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with over-lapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, hairy on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, 1.5 to 2 mm. long; blade 6 to 10 mm. wide, smooth near base and rough near tip above and below, midrib prominent below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a series of comb-like spikes forming an appressed panicle. Throughout. Fresh-water marshes.

J.J.	condi noi nany	on margino contrations	
	6a. Plants with	large creeping rhizomes	7
	6b. Plants witho	ut creeping rhizomes	

105. Setaria faberii-Giant Foxtail

5h Collar not bairy on margins

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round to somewhat flattened, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad; ligule a fringe of hairs, about 2 mm. long; blade to 25 mm. wide, rough above, smooth and keeled below, margins rough and hyaline. Inforescence—dense, bristly, cylindrical, nodding spike-like. New York south. Common. Waste and cultivated ground.

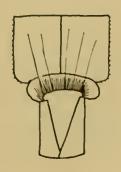
106. Tripsacum dactyloides-Eastern Gamagrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with over-lapping margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to medium broad, divided; ligule a fringe of hairs, 1 to 1.5 mm. long, may be fused at base; blade 15 to 30 mm. wide, rough above and below at least near tip, margins rough to very rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—1 to 3 terminal, unisexual spikes. Massachusetts south. Moist places and banks near water.

8a. Widest blades less than 20 mm. wide

107. Spartina alterniflora—Smooth Cordgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with over-lapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, indistinct; ligule a fringe of hairs, to 2 mm. long, may be fused at base and appear membranous; blade 10 to 18 mm. wide, smooth above and below, margins smooth to slightly rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a series of comblike spikes forming an appressed panicle. Maine south along coast. Salt marshes, often in water.











8b. Widest blades more than 20 mm. wide

108. Phragmites communis-Common Reed

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping scarious margins; auricles absent; collar broad; ligule a fringe of hairs, to 1.2 mm. long, mostly with a few hairs to 6 mm. or more long; blade 20 mm. or more wide, smooth above and below, margins slightly rough. Inflorescence—a large, densely flowered, tawny or purple panicle. South to Maryland. Mostly wet land and marshes.

9a. Blade long hairy near base above

109. Setaria lutescens-Yellow Foxtail

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, keeled, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, may be divided or hairy on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, 1 to 1.8 mm. long, may be fused at base; blade 7 to 12 mm. wide, long hairy near base above, smooth below at least near base, margins at least slightly rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—dense, bristly, cylindrical, yellow, erect, spike-like. Common throughout. Cultivated soil and waste places.

10a. Margins of collar hairy

110. Cenchrus pauciflorus—Field Sandbur

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth, split with overlapping margins hyaline; auricles absent; collar broad, hairy on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, 1 to 1.4 mm. long; blade to 6 mm. wide, rough above, keeled and smooth near base but rough near tip below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a nearly round, hairy bur with sharp spines. Throughout. Sandy, open ground.

10b. Margins of collar not hairy

111. Setaria verticillata—Bristly Foxtail

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, keeled, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar medium broad, divided; ligule a fringe of hairs, 1 to 1.6 mm. long, fused at base; blade 5 to 10 mm. wide, rough above, smooth below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—dense, bristly, cylindrical, erect, spike-like, with barbed bristles. Massachusetts south. Cultivated soil and waste places.

11a. Blade 5 to 6 mm. wide

112. Danthonia sericea—Downy Oatgrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath round, long hairy, split with over-lapping margins; auricles absent; collar broad, hairy; ligule a fringe of hairs, .8 to 1.2 mm. long; blade 5 to 6 mm. wide, smooth above, long hairy below, margins long hairy. Inflorescence—a narrow panicle with stiff, short branches bearing 2 to 6 spikelets. Massachusetts south. Chiefly Coastal Plain. Sand barrens.

11b. Blade 8 to 15 mm. wide

113. Panicum capillare—Witchgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, long hairy, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, hairy; ligule a fringe of hairs, 1 to 2 mm. long, fused at base; blade 8 to 15 mm. wide, hairy above and below, margins rough and long hairy at least near base. Inflorescence—a very diffuse, densely flowered panicle, about half entire height of plant. Throughout. Cultivated fields, open ground and waste places.

12a. Sheath hairy at least at top or throat 13

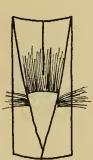
12b. Sheath not hairy 16

100		
1		
-		
	\/	

13a. Blade not more than 5 mm. wide

114. Danthonia spicata—Poverty Oatgrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath round to somewhat flattened, smooth with a tuft of hairs at throat, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, divided; ligule a fringe of hairs, 4 to 6 mm. long; blade 3 to 5 mm. wide, rough above, smooth near base and rough near tip below, margins rough. Inflorescence—a narrow panicle with stiff, short branches bearing one spikelet. Throughout. Sandy and sterile or rocky soil.

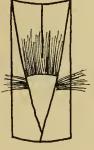


14a. Blade hairy above at least near base 15

14b. Blade not hairy above

115. Uniola paniculata—Sea Oats

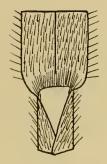
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth with a tuft of hairs at throat, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, indistinct; ligule a fringe of hairs, 2.5 to 3 mm. long; blade 7 to 10 mm. wide, smooth to rough above, smooth below, margins smooth and hyaline. Inflorescence—a pale, condensed, heavy, nodding panicle. Eastern shore of Virginia south. Sand dunes of sea coast.

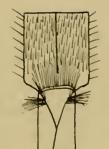


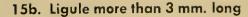
15a. Ligule to 3 mm. long

116. Paspalum pubescens—Hairy Paspalum

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, keeled, long hairy, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow, hairy; ligule a fringe of hairs, 2 to 3 mm. long; blade 8 to 12 mm. wide, long hairy above and below, margins long hairy and hyaline. Inflorescence—1 to 3 one-sided, spike-like branches with flat, round to oval seed. Vermont south. Common in old fields and pastures.



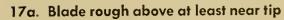




117. Panicum amaralum—Bitter Panicgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth with a tuft of hairs at throat, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, divided; ligule a fringe of hairs, 3 to 8 mm. long, fused at base; blade 8 to 13 mm. wide, smooth above and long hairy near base, smooth below with midrib prominent, margins long hairy and hyaline. Inflorescence—a large, compact, densely flowered, slightly nodding panicle. New Jersey south. Sandy shores and coast dunes.

16a.	Widest blades to 15 mm. wide	17
16b.	Widest blades more than 15 mm. wide	18



118. Spartina pectinata—Prairie Cordgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping margins; auricles absent; collar medium broad to broad, may be hairy on margins; ligule a fringe of hairs, 2 to 4 mm. long, may be fused at base; blade commonly 10 to 15 mm. wide, rough to very rough above, smooth and mostly glossy below, margin smooth to very rough. Inflorescence—a series of comb-like spikes forming an appressed panicle. Throughout. Fresh water marshes.

17b. Blade smooth above.

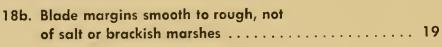
119. Panicum virgatum—Switchgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, may be divided; ligule a fringe of hairs, 2 to 4 mm. long; blade 10 to 15 mm. wide, smooth above and mostly hairy near base, smooth below, margins smooth to somewhat rough. Inflorescence—an open, widely spreading panicle. Common throughout. Open ground and brackish marshes.

18a. Blade margins very rough, a plant of salt or brackish marshes

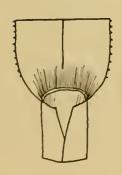
120. Spartina cynosuroides—Big Cordgrass

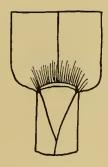
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, divided; ligule a fringe of hairs, 3 to 3.5 mm. long, fused at base; blade to 30 mm. wide, smooth above at least near base, smooth below with midrib prominent, margins very rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a series of comb-like spikes forming a somewhat open panicle. Massachusetts south. Salt or brackish marshes along coast.

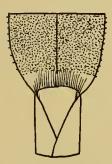












19a. Collar not hairy

121. Panicum dichotomiflorum—Fall Panicum

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad; ligule a fringe of hairs, 2 to 3 mm. long, mostly fused at base; blade 15 to 20 mm. wide, mostly smooth above but sometimes slightly rough near tip or sparsely hairy near base, smooth and glossy below, margins smooth to rough. Inflorescence—widely spreading terminal and axillary panicles. Common throughout. Cultivated fields, moist ground and waste places.

19b. Collar hairy

122. Setaria faberii—Giant Foxtail

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, may be divided, hairy; ligule a fringe of hairs, 1.5 to 3 mm. long; blade 15 to 25 mm. wide, rough above, smooth near base and rough near tip below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—dense, bristly, cylindrical, nodding, spikelike. New York south. Common. Waste and cultivated ground.

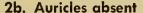
GROUP 9

la.	Sheath rolled in bud-shoot	
1b.	Sheath folded in bud-shoot	2

2a. Auricles present

123. Lolium perenne—Perennial Ryegrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened to almost round, smooth, closed to near top; auricles small; collar narrow; ligule membranous, to 2 mm. long, rounded, toothed; blade to 6 mm. wide, smooth above and below, glossy and keeled below, margins slightly rough. Inflorescence—a long, narrow, flat spike with unawned spikelets placed edge to rachis. Cultivated throughout.

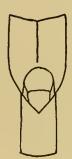


124. Glyceria striata—Fowl Mannagrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath round to distinctly flattened, smooth to slightly rough, closed to near top; auricles absent; collar medium broad to broad, may be divided; ligule membranous, generally 2 to 5 mm. long but may be shorter, rounded to acute; blade 4 to 8 mm. wide, smooth above and below at least near base, margins smooth to rough, tip boat-shaped. Inflorescence—an open, nodding panicle. Throughout. Moist meadows and wet places.

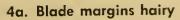












125. Bromus rigidus—Ripgut Grass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, hairy, closed to near top; auricles absent; collar narrow, mostly hairy; ligule membranous, 3 to 5 mm. long, rounded, toothed; blade 5 to 10 mm. wide, hairy above and below, margins short hairy or sometimes very rough. Inflorescence—an open, nodding, few-flowered panicle with stout awns to 6 in. long. Maryland south, rare. Open ground and waste places.

4b. Blade margins not hairy

126. Bromus catharticus—Rescue Grass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round to somewhat compressed, short hairy, closed to near top; auricles absent; collar medium broad to broad, divided; ligule membranous, 3 to 6 mm. long, rounded, sometimes toothed; blade 7 to about 12 mm. wide, mostly rough above and below but sometimes hairy on one or both surfaces, margin rough or occasionally short hairy. Inflorescence—an open, nodding panicle. Only rarely north of Virginia. Waste places.

127. Bromus inermis-Smooth Bromegrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth or frequently short hairy on lower sheaths, closed to near top; auricles absent; collar mostly medium broad to broad and divided; ligule membranous, mostly less than 1 mm. long, truncate to rounded; blade generally to 10 to 15 mm. wide, smooth above and below (rarely short hairy), margins smooth to rough. Inflorescence—an erect, dense panicle. South to Maryland. Fields and waste places.

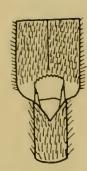
6b.	Sheath densely soft white hairy	9
6b.	Sheath not densely soft white hairy	7

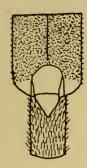
7a. Collar hairy at least on margins

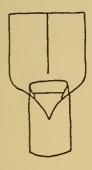
128. Bromus sterilis-Barren Chess

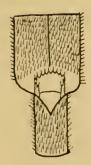
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, short hairy, closed to near top; auricles absent; collar narrow to medium broad, divided, hairy; ligule membranous, 2 to about 3 mm. long, rounded, toothed, may be ciliate; blade 5 to 9 mm. wide, short hairy above and below, margins hairy. Inflorescence—an open, nodding few-flowered panicle with awns to about 1 in. long. Throughout. Not common. Fields and waste places.

NOTE: The bromegrasses are quite variable in their vegetative characteristics and it is not possible to always readily separate the species. The key given here is based on the characteristics most commonly found.

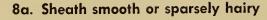












129. Bromus secalinus—Cheat

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, mostly smooth but sometimes sparsely hairy, closed to near top; auricles absent; collar narrow to medium broad, divided; ligule membranous, 1.2 to 2.5 mm. long, rounded, toothed; blade 5 to 10 mm. wide, mostly hairy above and below but occasionally smooth, margins rough or short hairy. Inflorescence—an open panicle. Throughout. Not common in southern part. Grain fields and waste places.

8b. Sheath evenly hairy

130. Bromus commutatus—Hairy Cheat

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, short hairy, closed to near top; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, divided; ligule membranous, mostly 1 to 2 mm. long but at times to 3 mm., rounded, toothed; blade mostly 5 to 10 mm. wide but occasionally to 12 mm., hairy above and below and on margins. Inflorescence—an open panicle. Throughout. Common in southern part. Fields and waste places.

9a.	Ligule not more than 1.5 mm. long	10
9b.	Ligule more than 1.5 mm. long	11

10a. Collar hairy at least on margins

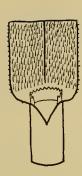
131. Bromus japonicus—Japanese Chess

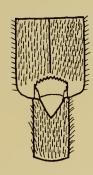
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, densely soft white hairy, closed to near top; auricles absent; collar mostly narrow and divided, generally hairy at least on margins; ligule membranous, mostly .8 to 1.5 mm. long but occasionally longer, rounded and toothed, sometimes ciliate; blade mostly to 6 to 8 mm. wide, dense hairy above and below, margins generally hairy. Inflorescence—open, diffuse, somewhat drooping panicle. Vermont south. Common. Waste places.

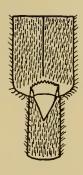
10b. Collar not hairy

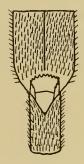
132. Bromus mollis—Soft Chess

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, densely soft white hairy, closed to near top; auricles absent; collar narrow, divided; ligule membranous, .6 to 1.5 mm. long, rounded, toothed; blade 5 to 9 mm. wide, hairy above and below and on margins. Inflorescence—an erect, contracted, crowded panicle. Throughout. Not common. Waste places and cultivated soil.













11a. Collar hairy at least on margins

133. Bromus tectorum—Downy Chess

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, densely soft white hairy, frequently purplish, closed to near top; auricles absent; collar narrow to medium broad, divided, mostly hairy; ligule membranous, 1.5 to 3 mm. long, rounded to acute, may be toothed and ciliate; blade mostly 5 to 8 mm. wide, hairy above and below and on margins. Inflorescence—a rather dense, soft, drooping, often purple panicle. Throughout. Waste places.

11b. Collar not hairy

134. Bromus arvensis—Field Bromegrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, densely soft white hairy, closed to near top; auricles absent; collar narrow to medium broad; ligule membranous, 1.5 to 3 mm. long, rounded, sometimes toothed; blade 5 to 10 mm. wide, hairy above and below, margins rough or sparse long hairy. Inflorescence—an open, diffuse, somewhat drooping panicle. New York south. Cultivated.

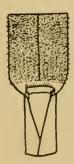
GROUP 10

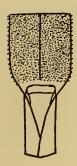
	Leaves rolled in bud-shoot	
1b.	Leaves folded in bud-shoot	8
	2a. Sheath hairy at least at top	6
	2b. Sheath not hairy	3
3a.	Collar hairy on margins	5
3b.	Collar not hairy	4

4a. Blade hairy above, at least near base

135. Setaria geniculata—Knotroot Foxtail

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow; ligule membranous, about .6 mm. long, truncate, short ciliate; blade 5 to 8 mm. wide, rough above and sparse long hairy near base, smooth below at least near base, margins slightly rough at least near tip and hyaline. Inflorescence—dense, bristly, cylindrical, yellow or purplish, erect, spikelike. Massachusetts south. Open ground, cultivated soil, pastures, moist ground and salt marshes.













4b. Blade not hairy above

136. Uniola laxa—Slender Uniola

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow; ligule membranous, .2 to .4 mm. long, truncate; blade to 8 mm. wide, rough above, smooth below and keeled, margins rough. Inflorescence—a slender, nodding panicle. Coastal Plain, Long Island south. Moist, shady places.

5a. Plants with creeping rhizomes, blades to 4 in. long

137. Muhlenbergia frondosa—Wirestem Muhly

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar medium broad, hairy on margins; ligule membranous, about 1 mm. long; blade 3 to 8 mm. wide, rough above, rough below at least near tip, margins rough. Inflorescence—numerous, slender panicles. Throughout. Not common. Low ground and waste places.

5b. Plants without creeping rhizomes, blades not over 21/2 in. long

138. Muhlenbergia schreberi—Nimblewill

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar medium broad to broad, hairy on margins; ligule membranous, .4 to .8 mm. long, truncate to rounded; blade to 7 mm. wide, rough above, rough below at least near tip, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—numerous, slender panicles. New Hampshire south. Lawns, pastures and waste places.

139. Hordeum jubatum—Squirrel-tail Barley

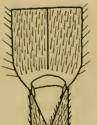
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, short hairy, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow, divided; ligule membranous, about .6 mm. long, truncate; blade 3 to 5 mm. wide, rough above and below and on margins. Inflorescence—a dense, very bushy, nodding spike. South to Maryland. Meadows and waste places.

7a. Ligule .2 to .4 mm. long

140. Panicum anceps—Flat-stemmed Panicgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, long hairy at least near top, split with overlapping margins mostly hyaline but sometimes one hairy; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, hairy; ligule membranous, .2 to .4 mm. long, truncate, may be ciliate; blade 10 to 18 mm. wide, short hairy above at least on lower half, smooth below with midrib prominent, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a very loose, open panicle. New Jersey south. Moist sandy soil.

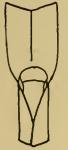
7b. Ligule .6 to 1 mm. long



141. Paspalum pubescens—Hairy Paspalum

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, hairy at least at top, split with at least one overlapping margin hairy; auricles absent; collar narrow, hairy; ligule membranous, .6 to 1 mm. long, rounded; blade 10 to 18 mm. wide, long hairy above, hairy below with midrib prominent, margins long hairy and hyaline. Inflorescence—1 to 3 one-sided, spike-like branches with flat round to oval seed. Vermont south. Pastures, open ground and old fields.

	8a. Blade tips boat-shaped
	8b. Blade tips not boat-shaped
9a.	Plants with slender creeping rhizomes
9b.	Plants tufted, without creeping rhizomes
142	. Poa annua—Annual Bluegrass
1	Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth,



Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar medium broad, divided; ligule membranous, .8 to 1 mm. long, rounded; blade to 4 mm. wide, smooth above and below, margins smooth at least near base, tips boat-shaped. Inflorescence—a small, open, few-branched panicle. Common throughout. Lawns, pastures, open ground and waste places.

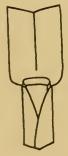
10a. Plant bluish-green, somewhat glaucous

143. Poa compressa—Canada Bluegrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, keeled, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, divided, occasionally hairy; ligule membranous, mostly .6 to 1 mm. long, truncate; blade glaucous, to 6 mm. wide, smooth above and below, keeled below, margins at least slightly rough and hyaline, tips boat-shaped. Inflorescence—a narrow, short-branched panicle. Common throughout. Mcadows, open ground and waste places.

10b. Plant dark green, not glaucous

144. Poa pratensis-Kentucky Bluegrass



Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, divided, sometimes hairy on margins; ligule membranous, .2 to 1 mm. long (mostly .4 to .6), truncate; blade to 5 mm. wide, smooth above but occasionally short hairy, smooth and keeled below, margins smooth to slightly rough, tip boat-shaped. Inflorescence—an open pyramidal panicle. Common throughout. Lawns, meadows, open ground and waste places.

11

10



11a. Auricles present

145. Lolium perenne—Perennial Ryegrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles small; collar narrow to broad, divided; ligule membranous, to .8 or 1 mm. long, truncate to rounded; blade to 4 mm. wide, smooth above, smooth and glossy below, margins smooth to rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—long, narrow, flat spikes with unawned spikelets placed edge to rachis. Cultivated throughout.

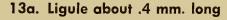
_				
115	, ,	11/11		
			-	
	*	•		
*				

IID.	Muticles	anzem	 		 - 1 4							

12b. Sheath not hairy

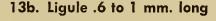
146. Andropogon virginicus—Broomsedge

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth, split with margins hairy; auricles absent; collar narrow, divided, mostly hairy on margins; ligule membranous, .4 to .8 mm. long, truncate to rounded, ciliate; blade 3 to 7 mm. wide, hairy near base above, smooth to rough below, margins rough and long hairy. Inflorescence—a narrow panicle with feathery branches. New York south. Mostly old fields.



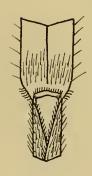
147. Andropogon ternarius—Silver Beardgrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, long hairy, split with overlapping margins hairy; auricles absent; collar narrow, divided, hairy on margins; ligule membranous, about .4 mm. long, truncate, ciliate; blade 4 to 7 mm. wide, long hairy near base above, rough and keeled below, margins sparsely long hairy and hyaline. Inflorescence—a narrow panicle with silver to creamy or grayish feathery branches. Delaware south. Dry sandy soil.



148. Eleusine indica—Goosegrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, hairy at top, split with overlapping margins sometimes hairy; auricles absent; collar broad, hairy on margins; ligule membranous, .6 to 1 mm. long, truncate, sometimes short ciliate; blade 5 to 10 mm. wide, sparsely long hairy near base above, smooth and keeled below, margins smooth to rough or sometimes long hairy. Inflorescence—2 to 10 flat spikes at or near summit. Massachusetts south, common. Cultivated fields, open ground and waste places.





GROUP 11

Ia.	Blade blue-green	(glaucous)	above	and	below	 • •	• •	•	• •	• •	٠	4
1b.	Blade not blue-are	en				 						

2a. Sheath long hairy

149. Paspalum floridanum—Florida Paspalum

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, long hairy, split with overlapping margins hairy; auricles absent; collar narrow, hairy at least on margins; ligule membranous, 2 to 3 mm. long, truncate to rounded; blade to 20 mm. wide, glaucous, long hairy above and below, margins rough and mostly long hairy. Inflorescence—2 to 5 one-sided spikelike branches with flat, round to oval seed. Coastal Plain, Delaware south. Low moist sandy soil.

2b. Sheath smooth or with a few hairs at top

150. Paspalum floridanum var. glabratum—Smooth Florida Paspalum

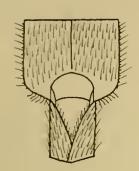
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, mostly smooth but may be sparsely hairy near top, split with overlapping margins at times hairy; auricles absent; collar narrow to medium broad, mostly hairy on margins; ligule membranous, 1 to 2 mm. long but sometimes to about 3 mm., rounded; blade 10 to 22 mm. wide, glaucous, smooth above and may be long hairy near base, smooth and keeled below, margins smooth to rough and sometimes sparsely long hairy. Inflorescence—2 to 5 one-sided, spike-like branches with flat, round to oval seed. New Jersey south. Brackish marshes and low sandy ground.

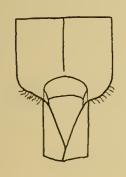
3a.	Blade hairy above and below	4
3h	Blade not hairy on both surfaces	L

4a. Plant dense velvety hairy

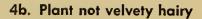
151. Holcus lanatus—Velvet Grass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, dense velvety short hairy, split with overlapping margins hairy; auricles absent; collar medium broad, divided, hairy; ligule membranous, to 3 mm. long, rounded; blade 5 to 10 mm. wide, dense velvety short hairy above and below, keeled below, margins short hairy. Inflorescence—A long, contracted, pale, purple-tinged paniele. Throughout. Open ground, meadows and moist places.









152. Digitaria sanguinalis—Common Crabgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, long hairy, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar medium broad to broad, mostly divided, hairy at least on margins; ligule membranous, 1 to 2 mm. long, rounded to acute, sometimes toothed, often reddish or purplish; blade 5 to 15 mm. wide, hairy above and below, keeled below, margins rough and occasionally hairy. Inflorescence—3 to 12 digitate spike-like branches. Common throughout. Fields, gardens and waste places.

5a. Sheath and blade very rough

153. Leersia oryzoides—Rice Cut-grass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, very rough, split with overlapping margins; auricles absent; collar broad divided, hairy on margins, generally dark; ligule membranous, about 1.5 mm. long, truncate; blade to 8 mm. wide, very rough above and below and on margins, few hairs near base above. Inflorescence—a spreading, flexuous-branched panicle. Throughout. Marshes, river banks and wet places.

5b. Sheath and blade not very rough

6a. Ligule to more than 3 mm. long

154. Paspalum dilitatum—Dallis Grass

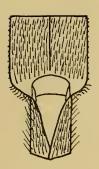
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, hairy at least on margins; ligule membranous, to 5 mm. long, rounded to acute; blade 7 to 15 mm. wide, smooth above and mostly long hairy behind ligule, smooth and keeled below, margins smooth to rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—3 to 5 one-sided, spike-like branches with flat, round to oval seed. New Jersey south. Pastures, moist fields and waste ground.

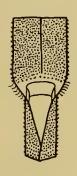
7a. Plants with creeping rhizomes

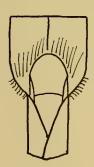
155. Leersia virginica—Whitegrass

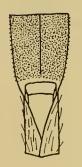
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, sparsely long hairy, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow, divided; ligule membranous, 1 to 1.5 mm. long, truncate; blade to 8 mm. wide, rough above and below, midrib prominent below and white, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—an open panicle with capillary branches distant. Throughout. Moist places.

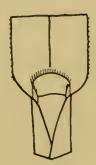
7b. Plants without creeping rhizomes 8







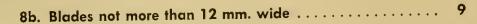


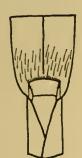


8a. Blades to 15 mm. or more wide

156. Erianthus contortus—Bent-awn Plumegrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth, split with overlapping margins hyaline; auricles absent; collar medium broad, divided, hairy; ligule membranous, 1.5 to 2 mm. long, rounded, ciliate; blade 10 to 15 mm. wide, smooth above and below, keeled below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a narrow, dense, silky, brownish panicle. Coastal Plain, Delaware south. Moist sandy ground.





9a. Usually growing in large tufts

157. Andropogon gerardi—Big Bluestem

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth or hairy, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, sometimes divided, may be hairy on margins; ligule membranous, 1 to 2.5 or 3 mm. long, truncate to rounded, mostly ciliate; blade 7 to 12 mm. wide, usually with at least a few hairs near base above, smooth and keeled below, margins smooth to rough. Inflorescence—2 or 3 terminal spike-like branches. Throughout. Dry soil and old fields.

10a. Blade V-shaped to folded, at least at base

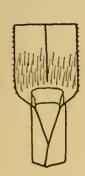
158. Paspalum laeve-Field Paspalum

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth but may be hairy at top, split with overlapping hyaline margins (occasionally hairy); auricles absent; collar narrow, may be hairy on margins; ligule membranous, mostly 1 to 2.5 mm. long, truncate; blade 8 to 12 mm. wide, smooth above and mostly long hairy near base, smooth and keeled below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—3 to 4 spreading, one-sided, spike-like branches with flat, round to oval seed. New Jersey south. Meadows, old fields and waste ground.



159. Digitaria ischaemum—Smooth Crabgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth or occasionally sparsely hairy, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, often divided, may be hairy on margins; ligule membranous, 1.5 to 3 mm. long, truncate to rounded; blade 5 to 10 mm. wide, smooth above but mostly with a few hairs at least near base, smooth and keeled below, margins smooth to rough and sometimes sparsely long hairy. Inflorescence—2 to 6 digitate spike-like branches. Common throughout. Lawns, fields and waste places.





GROUP 12

1a. Blade with boat-shaped tip	2
1b. Blade tip not boat-shaped	
2a. Plants with slender, creeping rhizomes	. 3
2b. Plants tufted, without creeping rhizomes	

160. Poa annua-Annual Bluegrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distnictly flattened, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, divided; ligule membranous, 1 to 2 mm. long, rounded to acute; blade 3 to 6 mm. wide, smooth above, smooth and mostly keeled below, margins smooth and hyaline, tip boat-shaped. Inflorescence—a small, open, few-branched panicle. Common throughout. Lawns, pastures, open ground and waste places.

3a. Plant bluish-green, somewhat glaucous

161. Poa compressa—Canada Bluegrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, divided; ligule membranous, 1 to 2 mm. long, truncate to rounded; blade to about 5 mm. wide (occasionally to 7 mm.), smooth above, smooth to somewhat rough and keeled below, margins smooth to rough and hyaline, tip boat-shaped. Inflorescence—a narrow, short-branched panicle. Common throughout. Meadows, open ground and waste places.

3b. Plant dark green, not glaucous

162. Poa pratensis-Kentucky Bluegrass

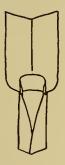
Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth or rarely very short hairy, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar medium broad, divided; ligule membranous, 1 to 1.5 mm. long, truncate; blade to 5 mm. wide, smooth above and below, margins slightly rough, tip boat-shaped. Inflorescence—an open, pyramidal panicle. Common throughout. Lawns, meadows, open ground and waste places.

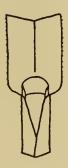
4a. Blade glossy and shining below

163. Lolium perenne-Perennial Ryegrass

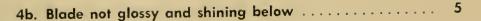
Leaves folded in but-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles small; collar narrow; ligule membranous, 1 to 2 mm. long, rounded to acute, may be toothed; blade to 6 mm. wide, smooth above, smooth and glossy below, margins smooth to slightly rough. Inflorescence—long, narrow, flat spikes with unawned spikelets placed edge to rachis. Cultivated throughout.

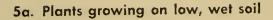






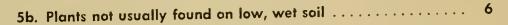






164. Andropogon glomeratus—Bushy Beardgrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, rough or long hairy at least along margins, split with overlapping margins hyaline or sometimes hairy; auricles absent; collar narrow to medium broad, divided, may be hairy; ligule membranous, 1 to 2 mm. long, rounded, mostly ciliate, may be toothed; blade 5 to 9 mm. wide, rough above and may be sparsely long hairy near base, smooth to rough and keeled below, margins rough and sometimes sparsely long hairy. Inflorescence—a dense, brush-like, feathery panicle. Massachusetts south. Low wet soil.



6a. Sheath long hairy, at least along margins

165. Andropogon virginicus—Broomsedge

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, sparsely long hairy at least along margins, split with overlapping margins that may be sparsely long hairy; auricles absent; collar narrow, divided, may be hairy on margins; ligule membranous, 1 to 2 mm. long, rounded, may be ciliate; blade 4 to 6 mm. wide, smooth to rough above and sometimes long hairy near base, smooth and keeled below, margins smooth or long hairy. Inflorescence—a narrow panicle with feathery branches. New York south. Mostly old fields.

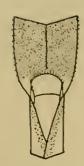
																		7	l
бb.	Sheath	not lone	a hairy	 			 	٠	٠		٠	۰	•	•	•			1	

7a. Plant found only on dune sand along coast

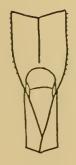
166. Andropogon littoralis—Seashore Beardgrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow, divided, may be reddish; ligule membranous, 1 to 2 mm. long, rounded, may be ciliate; blade 4 to 6 mm. wide, smooth to rough above, keeled and rough at least near tip below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a narrow panicle with flexuous, feathery branches. Massachusetts south. Dune sand along coast.

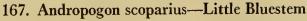
7b.	Plant not	found on dune s	sand .	 	 	 •







8a. Ligule ciliate



Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, mostly smooth, may be sparsely short hairy or hairy along margins, split with overlapping margins sometimes hairy; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, may be divided or hairy; ligule membranous, 1 to 2 mm. long, truncate to rounded, ciliate; blade to 8 mm. wide, mostly rough above and may be hairy near base, keeled and smooth to rough below, margins rough and occasionally long hairy near base. Inflorescence—a narrow panicle with flexuous, feathery branches. Throughout. Dry hills and fields.

8b. Ligule not ciliate

168. Andropogon ternarius—Silver Beardgrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth, often purplish, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar mostly narrow, divided, may have a few long hairs on margins; ligule membranous, 1 to 1.6 mm. long, rounded; blade to 7 mm. wide, smooth to rough above and sometimes long hairy, smooth to slightly rough and keeled below, margins mostly rough but may be long hairy at least near base. Inflorescence—a narrow panicle with silvery to creamy or grayish, feathery branches. Delaware south. Dry sandy soil.

GROUP 13

la.	Plants growing in wet places and shallow water	 • •	• • •	•	2
1 h	Plants not generally found in wet places	 			5

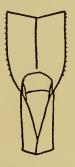
2a. Ligule 3 mm. or less long

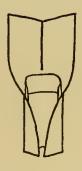
169. Glyceria canadensis-Rattlesnake Mannagrass

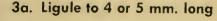
Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth to rough, split with hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to medium broad, divided; ligule membranous, 2 to 3 mm. long, truncate to rounded; blade 5 to 10 mm. wide, smooth to rough above and below, keeled below, margins smooth to somewhat rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—an open panicle with branches distant and drooping. Throughout. Bogs and wet places.











170. Glyceria striata—Fowl Mannagrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth to rough, split with hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, may be divided; ligule membranous, 2 to 5 mm. long, rounded to acuminate; blade 5 to 10 mm. wide, smooth to slightly rough above, smooth and keeled below, margins smooth to rough, tip generally boat-shaped. Inflorescence—an open, nodding panicle. Throughout. Moist meadows and wet places.

3b.	Ligule	to 8	or 10 mm	long .					4
-----	--------	------	----------	--------	--	--	--	--	---

4a. Blade 3 to 6 mm. wide

171. Glyceria acutiflora—Creeping Mannagrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth, split part way with hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow, divided; ligule membranous, 4 to 10 mm. long, rounded to acuminate; blade 3 to 6 mm. wide, slightly rough above, smooth and keeled below, margins smooth. Inflorescence—a narrow panicle with stiff branches bearing 1 to 3 spikelets. New Hampshire south. Wet soil and shallow water.

4b. Blade 7 to 12 mm. wide

172. Glyceria septentrionalis—Eastern Mannagrass

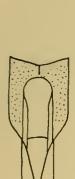
Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth, split part way with hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, divided; ligule membranous, 4 to 8 mm. long, acute; blade 7 to 12 mm. wide, rough above, keeled and smooth below at least near base, margins rough. Inflorescence—a somewhat open panicle with a few long, slender branches. Throughout. Wet places and shallow water.

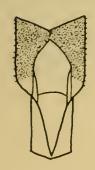
5a. Blade usually not more than 5 mm. wide, tip boat-shaped . . . 6

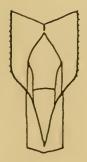
5b. Blade 6 to 12 mm. wide, tip not boat-shaped

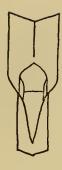
173. Dactylis glomerata—Orchard Grass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth to somewhat rough or rarely short hairy, mostly split part way only with hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, divided; ligule membranous, 3 to 10 mm. long, mostly acuminate; blade 6 to 12 mm. wide, mostly smooth near base and rough near tip above and below, keeled below, margins rough. Inflorescence—a panicle with spikelets crowded in dense clusters at end of the few, stiff branches. Common throughout. Fields, meadows and waste places.

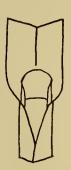


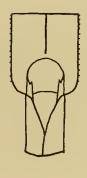












6a. Blade tapering to a narrow boat-shaped tip 7

6b. Blade not tapering (parallel-sided), tip abruptly boat-shaped

174. Poa annua—Annual Bluegrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth, mostly split part way with hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar medium broad, divided; ligule membranous, 1 to 3 mm. long, acute; blade to 4 mm. wide, smooth above and below, margins mostly smooth but rough near tip. Inflorescence—a small open, few-branched panicle. Common throughout. Lawns, pastures, open ground and waste places.

7a. Sheath rough and split part way only

175. Poa trivalis-Rough Bluegrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, rough, split part way; auricles absent; collar broad, divided; ligule membranous, 2 to 6 mm. long, acute, sometimes ciliate; blade 2 to 5 mm. wide, at least slightly rough above, keeled and smooth to rough below, margins rough at least near boat-shaped tip. Inflorescence—an oblong, open panicle. Throughout. Moist places.

7b. Sheath smooth to slightly rough and split to base

176. Poa palustris—Fowl Bluegrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath distinctly flattened, smooth to slightly rough, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar medium broad to broad, divided; ligule membranous, 2 to 6 mm. long, rounded to acute; blade 2 to 5 mm. wide (occasionally to 7 mm.), smooth to rough above and below, keeled below and sometimes glossy, margins smooth to rough and sometimes minutely hairy. Inflorescence—an open, nodding, yellowish-green or purplish panicle. Throughout. Meadows and moist open ground.

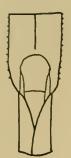
GROUP 14

1a. Ligule notched near front on one or both sides

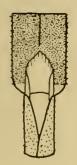
177. Phleum pratense—Timothy

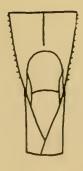
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar medium broad to broad, may be divided, sometimes oblique; ligule membranous, to 4.5 mm. long, rounded, notched near front at least on one side; blade 5 to 10 mm. wide, mostly smooth near base and rough near tip above and below, margins rough. Inflorescence—densely flowered, cylindrical, spike-like. Common throughout. Fields and waste places.

1b.	Liquie not	notched as	above		
I W.	FIGURE HOL	HOLLING US	anove	 	









	2a. Blade not more than 5 mm. wide	3
	2b. Blade more than 5 mm. wide	5
3a.	Blade rough above and below	4
3b.	Blade smooth to very slightly rough above and below	

178. Alopecurus carolinianus—Field Foxtail

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to medium broad, divided; ligule membranous, to 4 or 5 mm. long, rounded to acuminate; blade to 4 mm. wide, smooth to slightly rough above and below, margins slightly rough to rough. Inflorescence—soft, dense, cylindrical, spike-like. Long Island south. Moist ground and wet places.

4a. Blade 1.3 to 2 in. long

179. Agrostis hiemalis—Spring Hairgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth to rough, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow, mostly divided, generally purple; ligule membranous, to 4 mm. long, rounded to acute, lacerate; blade to 3.5 mm. wide, rough above and below and on margins. Inflorescence—a purplish, spreading, slender-branched panicle. Massachusetts south. Open ground, fields and waste places.

4b. Blade 3 to 8 in. long

180. Agrostis scabra—Fly-away Grass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, somewhat rough, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar medium broad, divided; ligule membranous, to 5 mm. long, rounded to acute, lacerate; blade to 5 mm. wide, rough above and below and on margins. Inflorescence—a very diffuse, purple to green panicle. Throughout. Fields and meadows.

5a. Plants with creeping rhizomes	6
5b. Plants without creeping rhizomes	7

6a. Blade tapering to a narrow base

181. Sorghastrum nutans—Indian Grass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, frequently hairy near base or at nodes, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, may be divided; ligule membranous, 3 to as much as 10 mm. long, rounded, may be 1- or 2-notched, mostly hairy on back, sometimes ciliate; blade 5 to 10 mm. wide, tapering to a narrow base, smooth to rough above and below, keeled below, margins rough. Inflorescence—a narrow, yellowish or reddish-brown panicle. Throughout. Waste places.

6b. Blade not tapering to a narrow base

182. Agrostis alba-Redtop

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, divided, may be oblique, sometimes minutely hairy; ligule membranous, to about 5 mm. long, rounded to acute, may be hairy on back; blade to 10 mm. wide, rough above and below, keeled below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a reddish spreading panicle. Common throughout. Meadows, pastures, lawns and waste places.

7a. Leaves folded in bud-shoot

183. Poa palustris-Fowl Bluegrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath round, keeled, smooth to slightly rough, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, divided; ligule membranous, to 9 mm. long, acute; blade to 9 mm. wide, smooth to somewhat rough above and below, keeled and sometimes glossy below, margins smooth to rough, tip narrowly boatshaped. Inflorescence—an open, nodding, yellowish-green or purplish panicle. Throughout. Meadows and moist open ground.

8a. Collar hairy on margins

184. Anthoxanthum odoratum—Sweet Vernalgrass

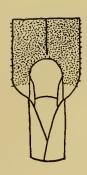
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, frequently hairy near top, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, mostly divided, hairy on margins; ligule membranous, to as much as 9 mm. long, mostly rounded, lacerate or toothed, may be short ciliate; blade to 10 mm. wide, rough and mostly short hairy above, mostly short hairy below, margins mostly short hairy. Inflorescence—short, narrow, brownish-yellow, spike-like. Throughout. Meadows, pastures and waste places.

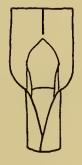
8b. Collar not hairy on margins

9a. Blade rough above and below

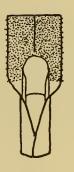
185. Agrostis perennans—Autumn Bent

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow, may be indistinct; ligule membranous, to 6 mm. long, rounded to acute; blade to 7 mm. wide, rough above and below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a pale to tawny, open panicle. Throughout. Open ground and old fields.









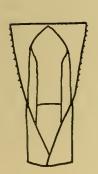
9b. Blade smooth above and below



186. Cinna arundinacea—Stout Woodreed

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar medium broad; ligule membranous, to 6 mm. long, rounded to acute; blade 5 to 8 mm. wide, smooth above with a few long hairs near base, smooth and keeled below, margins smooth to slightly rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a many-flowered, nodding, grayish-green panicle with slender branches. Throughout. Moist places mostly in woods.

GROUP 15

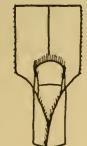


1a. Ligule 10 mm. or more long

187. Zizania aquatica—Annual Wildrice

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, divided; ligule membranous, 10 to 17 mm. long, acute; blade 15 to 30 mm. wide, smooth above and below, midrib prominent below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a large, open, unisexual panicle. Throughout. Usually in shallow water.

16	Liquio loss than	10 mm long	
ID.	Liquie less man	TO mm. Iona	



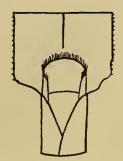
2a. Plants found only on sandy seashores and coast dunes

188. Panicum amarum—Seaside Panicum

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hairy margins; auricles absent; collar broad, reddish; ligule membranous, 2 to 4 mm. long, ciliate; blade 10 to 12 mm. wide, smooth near base and rough near tip above, smooth below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a narrow, appressed panicle, one-fourth to one-third entire height of plant. Connecticut south. Sandy seashores and coast dunes.

2b. Plants not found as above

3a.	Plants with creeping rhizomes	4
3Ь.	Plants without creeping rhizomes	1
	4a. Blade smooth above	
	4b. Blade rough above	



5a. Blade green except for a conspicuously white midrib

189. Sorghum halepense-Johnson Grass

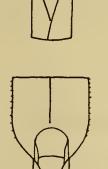
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round to somewhat flattened, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, sometimes divided, may be hairy; ligule membranous, 3 to 6 mm. long, rounded, ciliate; blade 20 to 35 mm. wide, smooth above and below at least near base, midrib white above and prominent below, margins generally rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a large, loose, erect panicle. Massachusetts south. Open ground, fields and waste places.

5b.	Blade not	as above	 	6
• •••	B1000 1.01	40 4400	 	

6a. Blade green

190. Phalaris arundinacea—Reed Canarygrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, may be divided; ligule membranous, 3 to 7 mm. long, rounded to acute, occasionally toothed, may be hairy on back; blade 10 to 20 mm. wide (occasionally to 30 mm.), smooth to slightly rough and rarely hairy near base above, keeled and smooth to rough below, margins usually rough and rarely short hairy near base. Inflorescence—a densely flowered, spreading to narrow panicle. Throughout. Marshes, rivers banks and moist places.



6b. Blade striped with white

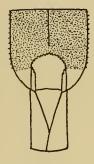
191. Phalaris arundinacea var. picta—Ribbon Grass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar medium broad, divided; ligule membranous, 2 to 4 mm. long, rounded; blade to 12 mm. wide, smooth near base and rough near tip above, rough below, margins rough. Inflorescence—a densely flowered, spreading to narrow panicle. Grown for ornament.

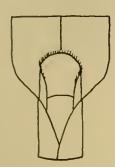
7a. Plants glaucous

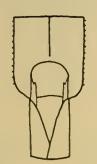
192. Calamagrostis cinnoides—Reedgrass

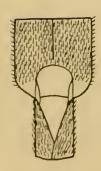
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth or slightly rough at top, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to medium broad, may be divided; ligule membranous, 3 to 6 mm. long, rounded, generally toothed; blade 8 to 15 mm. wide, rough above, keeled and rough below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a contracted panicle with short, erect branches. Throughout. Bogs and moist ground.











7b. Plants not glaucous

193. Calamagrostis canadensis-Bluejoint

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth to slightly rough, split with overlapping margins; auricles absent; collar medium broad to broad, divided; ligule membranous, 3 to 5 mm. long, rounded; blade to 12 mm. wide, rough above, keeled and smooth to rough below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a loose, open, purple-tinged panicle. South to Maryland and West Virginia. Marshes and wet places.

8a. Widest blades 25 mm. or more

194. Sorghum sudanense-Sudan Grass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, divided, sometimes hairy at base; ligule membranous, 3 to 4 mm. long, rounded, ciliate; blade 20 to 40 mm. wide, smooth above and below, midrib white above and prominent below, margins smooth to very rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a large, loose, erect panicle. Cultivated for forage.

8b.	Widest	blades	not	more	than	20	mm.											9
-----	--------	--------	-----	------	------	----	-----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	---

9a. Ligule notched near front on one or both sides

195. Phleum pratense—Timothy

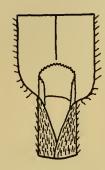
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, mostly keeled, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar mostly broad and divided; ligule membranous, 3 to 6 mm. long, rounded to acute, notched near front on one or both sides, frequently toothed in center; blade to 14 mm. wide, generally smooth near base and rough near tip above and below, keeled below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—densely flowered, cylindrical, spike-like. Common throughout. Fields and waste places.

9b.	Ligul	e not notched	as	abo	ove	• •	• •	• •	٠	• •	• •	•	• •	٠		•	٠	•	• •	 •	•	10
	10a.	Sheath hairy																				11
	10b.	Sheath not he	airy												٠,							13

11a. Blade densely velvety hairy above and below

196. Holcus lanatus—Velvet Grass

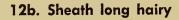
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath loose, round, dense velvety short hairy, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to medium broad, usually divided, hairy; ligule membranous, to 3 mm. long, rounded, may be toothed and ciliate; blade to 16 mm. wide, velvety short hairy above and below, keeled near base below, margins short hairy. Inflorescence—a long, contracted, pale, purple-tinged panicle. Throughout. Open ground, meadows and moist places.

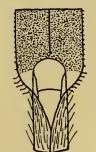


12a. Sheath short hairy

197. Avena sativa—Oats

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, short hairy, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow, divided, sparse hairy on margins; ligule membranous, 3 to 4 mm. long, rounded, toothed; blade to 14 mm. wide, smooth to rough above, keeled and smooth near base but rough near tip below, margins short hairy and hyaline. Inflorescence—a loose, open panicle. Cultivated.





198. Digitaria sanguinalis—Common Crabgrass

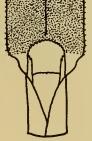
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round to somewhat flattened, long hairy, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, mostly divided, hairy at least on margins; ligule membranous, 3 to 4 mm. long, rounded, may be toothed; blade to 12 mm. or more wide, rough and sometimes hairy above and below, keeled below, margins rough and occasionally hairy. Inflorescence—3 to 12 digitate spike-like branches. Common throughout. Fields, gardens and waste places.





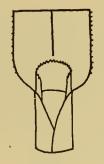
199. Avena fatua—Wild Oats

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, may be divided; ligule membranous, 3 to 5.5 mm. long, rounded, mostly toothed; blade 10 to 20 mm. wide, rough above, smooth near base and rough near tip below with midrib prominent, margins rough and hyaline and in young plants sometimes hairy near base. Inflorescence-a loose, open panicle. Rare in Northeast. Cultivated fields and waste places.



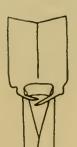
13b. Blade smooth above at least near base

200. Avena sativa—Oats



Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, divided; ligule membranous, 3 to 4 mm. long, rounded, toothed; blade 10 to 14 mm. wide, smooth near base and rough near tip above and below, keeled below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence-a loose, open panicle. Cultivated.

GROUP 16



la. Leaves folded in bud-shoot

201. Lolium perenne—Perennial Ryegrass

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath round to somewhat flattened, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles small; collar narrow to medium broad, divided; ligule membranous, .6 to 2 mm. long, truncate to rounded; blade to 6 mm. wide, smooth to rough above, smooth and glossy and keeled below, margins smooth and hyaline. Inflorescence-long, narrow, flat spikes with unawned spikelets placed edge to rachis. Cultivated throughout.

1b.	Leaves rolled	in bud-shoot		2
-----	---------------	--------------	--	---

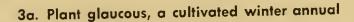


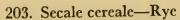
2a. Plants with white creeping rhizomes

202. Agropyron repens—Quackgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, mostly short hairy, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles small; collar mostly medium broad, may be divided, sometimes minutely hairy; ligule membranous, mostly .2 to .4 mm. long but occasionally to 1 mm., truncate to rounded, may be finely toothed or ciliate; blade 5 to 12 mm. wide, rough and mostly hairy above, mostly keeled and smooth or short hairy below, margins rough (rarely short hairy) and hyaline. Inflorescence—a long, narrow spike with spikelets placed side to rachis. Common throughout. Fields, meadows and waste places.

2h D	ante without	reeping rhizomes	

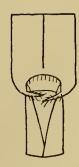


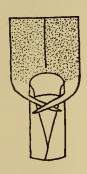


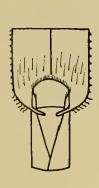
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles small; collar mostly broad; ligule membranous, 1 to 1.6 mm. long (Tetra Petkus, mostly longer), rounded, lacerate, may be ciliate; blade 8 to 18 mm. wide, glaucous above and below, rough above, smooth and keeled below at least near base, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence-a narrow, crowded spike. Cultivated winter annual.

b.	Plants not glaucous	4
	4a. Auricles hairy	5
	4h Auriclas not hairy	6









5a. Blade margins smooth

204. Triticum aestivum—Wheat

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles small, mostly long hairy; collar broad; ligule membranous, 1 to 1.6 mm. long, rounded, lacerate, may be ciliate; blade 7 to 11 mm. wide, smooth near base and rough near tip above, smooth below and keeled near base, margins smooth and hyaline. Inflorescence—a crowded, thick spike. Cultivated winter annual.

5b. Blade margins rough

205. Festuca arundinacea—Tall Fescue

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth or occasionally rough, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles small, short hairy; collar broad, divided, mostly hairy on margins; ligule membranous, to 1.2 mm. long but mostly .4 mm. or less, truncate; blade mostly 5 to 10 mm. wide (rarely to 15 mm.), smooth to rough above, glossy below and smooth at least near base with a prominent midrib, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—an erect or nodding, somewhat contracted panicle. More common in southern half of region. Meadows and damp waste places.

6a. Auricles large and long

206. Hordeum vulgare—Barley

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth or hairy, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles large and long; collar broad, divided; ligule membranous, 1.5 to 3 mm. long, rounded; blade 8 to 13 mm. wide, rough above at least near tip, keeled and smooth below at least near base, margins smooth and hyaline. Inflorescence—a dense, erect, thick spike. Cultivated winter annual.

7a. Blade midrib white above, growing in large bunches

207. Miscanthus sinensis—Eulalia

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles short and blunt; collar broad, divided, hairy on margins; ligule membranous, 2.5 to 3 mm. long, rounded, ciliate; blade 8 to 18 mm. wide, smooth near base and rough near tip above and mostly with a few long hairs near base, smooth below with a prominent midrib (rarely sparse hairy), margins very rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a fan-shaped, silky panicle. Cultivated for ornament, growing wild in some localities.

- - 8a. Blade glossy below 9

o L	Diado	mak	glossy	holow														1	1
8b.	Blade	not	qiossy	pelow				 	٠	•	•	•	٠		•	•	•		

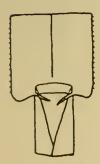


9a. Ligule 1 to 2 mm. long

208. Lolium multiflorum—Annual Ryegrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles small; collar broad, may be divided; ligule membranous, 1 to 2 mm. long, truncate to rounded; blade mostly 3 to 7 mm. wide (rarely to 10 mm.), smooth above, smooth and glossy below, margins smooth and hyaline. Inflorescence—long, narrow flat spikes with awned spikelets placed edge to rachis. Cultivated throughout.

9b.	Ligule	generally	less than	1 n	nm. I	ong					10
-----	--------	-----------	-----------	-----	-------	-----	--	--	--	--	----



10a. Blade 10 mm. or more wide

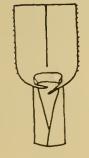
209. Hystrix patula—Bottlebrush

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth to hairy, split with overlapping margins hyaline or one hairy; auricles small; collar narrow to broad; ligule membranous, .2 to .6 mm. long, truncate to rounded; blade 10 to 25 mm. wide, smooth to rough above and below, keeled and glossy below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a loosely flowered, bristly, erect or nodding spike. Throughout. Infrequent in moist places.

10b. Blade less than 10 mm. wide

210. Festuca elatior-Meadow Fescue

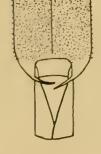
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles small; collar broad, mostly divided; ligule membranous, .2 to 1 mm. long, truncate; blade 3 to 9 mm. wide, smooth to rough above, smooth and glossy below, margins rough. Inflorescence—an erect or nodding, somewhat contracted panicle. Throughout. Meadows and waste places.



11a. Ligule to at least 1 mm. long

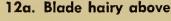
211. Elymus canadensis—Canada Wild-rye

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping margins hyaline or one hairy; auricles small; collar broad, divided; ligule membranous, to 1.5 mm. long, truncate, may be toothed and ciliate; blade 8 to 20 mm. wide, at least slightly rough above, keeled and smooth below at least near base, margins rough. Inflorescence—a dense, bristly, nodding or drooping spike. Massachusetts south. River banks, open ground and sandy soil.









212. Elymus villosus—Hairy Wild-rye

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with one over-lapping margin hyaline and one hairy; auricles small; collar medium broad, divided; ligule membranous, about .4 mm. long, truncate; blade 5 to 10 mm. wide, short hairy above and below, keeled near base below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a dense, bristly, drooping spike. Vermont south. Shady and mostly damp places.

12b. Blade not hairy above

213. Elymus riparius—Riverbank Wild-rye

214. Elymus virginicus—Virginia Wild-rye

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth or sometimes rough, rarely short hairy, split with overlapping margins both hyaline or both hairy or one hairy; auricles small; collar broad, divided; ligule membranous, .2 to .6 mm. long, truncate; blade 5 to 14 mm. wide, rough above, keeled and smooth to rough below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a dense, bristly, erect spike. Throughout. Moist ground and along streams.

GROUP 17

1a. Plant with creeping rhizomes	
1b. Plant without creeping rhizomes	3

2a. Collar hairy on margins

215. Muhlenbergia frondosa-Wirestem Muhly

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round to somewhat flattened, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, hairy on margins; ligule membranous, about 1 mm. long, rounded; blade to 8 mm. wide, rough above, rough below at least near tip, margins rough. Inflorescence—numerous, slender panicles. Throughout. Not common. Low ground and waste places.

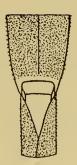
2b. Collar not hairy on margins

216. Leersia virginica—Whitegrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath somewhat flattened, rough and hairy at base, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad; ligule membranous, .6 to 1 mm. long, truncate, may be toothed; blade to 10 mm. wide, rough above and below, sometimes short hairy below, margins rough. Inflorescence—an open panicle with capillary branches distant. Throughout. Moist places.

3a.	Collar hairy at least on margin	5.			 						4	

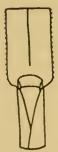












3b. Collar not hairy	6

4a. Ligule minute, not more than .2 mm. long 4b. Ligule .4 to .8 mm. long

217. Muhlenbergia schreberi-Nimblewill

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath somewhat flattened, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, hairy on margins; ligule membranous, .4 to .8 mm. long, truncate to rounded; blade to 7 mm. wide, rough above and below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence-numerous slender panieles. New Hampshire south. Lawns, pastures and waste places.

5a. Blade short hairy above and below

218. Microstegium vimincum var. imberbe-Basketgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, hairy at top, split with one overlapping margin hairy and one hyaline; auricles absent; collar narrow, hairy on margins; ligule membranous, about .2 mm. long, truncate, very short ciliate; blade 3 to 10 mm. wide (mostly to about 5 mm.), short hairy above and below, margins smooth to slightly rough. Inflorescence-1 to 6 terminal spike-like branches. Southeastern Pennsylvania south. Shaded banks and roadsides. Infrequent.

5b. Blade not hairy

219. Sporobolus clandestinus—Scratch Dropseed

Leaves folded in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to medium broad, hairy; ligule membranous, minute; blade to 5 mm. wide, smooth to slightly rough above, smooth and glossy below, margins smooth to slightly rough. Inflorescence-a narrow, contracted paniele. Connecticut south. Sandy fields.

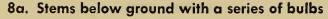
6a. Plant with short stolons

220. Agrostis tenuis-Colonial Bent

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, may be divided and hairy on margins; ligule membranous, to 1 mm. long, truncate; blade 3 to 5 mm. wide, smooth to rough above and below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence-an open delicate paniele. Common throughout. Pastures, lawns and waste places.

6b. Plant without stolons

7a. Widest blades 8 to 10 mm. wide (rarely to only 7 mm.)	8
7b. Widest blades to 6 mm., rarely more	



221. Arrhenatherum elatius var. bulbosum—Bulbous Oatgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth or sometimes short hairy, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, divided; ligule membranous, to 1 mm. long, rounded, toothed; blade to 10 mm. wide, rough and sometimes sparsely short hairy above, smooth below, margins rough. Inflorescence—a narrow, pale or purplish, shining panicle. Delaware, West Virginia south. Occasionally a weed in fields.

8b. Stems below ground without a series of bulbs

222. Arrhenatherum elatius—Tall Oatgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, divided; ligule membranous, .4 to .8 mm. long, truncate; blade to 10 mm. wide, rough above, smooth below, margins rough. Inflorescence—a narrow, pale or purplish, shining panicle. Throughout. Meadows, open ground and waste places.

9b. Plants not densely tufted, annual

223. Hordeum pusillum—Little Barley

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth or short hairy, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow, may appear divided; ligule membranous, .2 to .6 mm. long (occasionally to 1 mm.), truncate; blade 3 to 6 mm. wide smooth to somewhat rough or sometimes short hairy above, smooth or occasionally short hairy below, margins rough or short hairy. Inflorescence—a dense, short-bristly, flattened-cylindric spike. Delaware south. Open ground.

10a. Sheath thin, often shredded

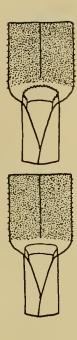
224. Hordeum brachyantherum—Meadow Barley

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth or short hairy, split with overlapping margins hyaline or hairy; auricles absent; collar narrow; ligule membranous, .4 to .6 mm. long, truncate; blade mostly 3 to 6 mm. wide, rough above, smooth to rough below, margins rough. Inflorescence—a dense, short-bristly, flattened-cylindric spike. Maine to New York. Meadows, bottom lands, salt marshes. Not common.

10b. Sheath not as above

225. Hordeum jubatum—Squirrel-tail Barley

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth or short hairy, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to medium broad, may be divided; ligule membranous, .4 to 1 mm. long, truncate to rounded, may be toothed or ciliate; blade 3 to 6 mm. wide, rough or short hairy above, smooth or rough or occasionally short hairy below, margins rough. Inflorescence—a dense, very bushy, nodding spike. South to Maryland. Meadows and waste places.









GROUP 18

1a. Sheath split part way only				 •	 	•		•		 	•		2
1b. Sheath split to near base .													3

2a. Ligule to 1.8 mm. long

226. Bromus japonicus—Japanese Chess

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, densely soft white hairy, split part way with hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, hairy at least on margins; ligule membranous, .8 to 1.8 mm. long, rounded, toothed or lacerate, sometimes ciliate; blade mostly 5 to 8 mm. wide, dense short hairy above and below, margins hairy. Inflorescence—an open, diffuse, somewhat drooping panicle. Vermont south. Common. Waste places.

2b. Ligule 2 mm. or more long

227. Bromus tectorum—Downy Chess

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, densely soft white hairy, split part way; auricles absent; collar narrow to medium broad, divided, mostly hairy; ligule membranous, 1.5 to 3 mm. long, rounded to acute, may be toothed and ciliate; blade 5 to 10 mm. wide, hairy above and below and on margins. Inflorescence—a rather dense, soft, drooping, often purple panicle. Throughout. Waste places.

3a. Blade densely velvety hairy above and below

228. Holcus lanatus-Velvet Grass

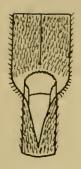
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath loose, round, dense velvety short hairy, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to medium broad, usually divided, hairy; ligule membranous, to 3 mm. long, truncate to rounded, may be toothed and ciliate; blade mostly 5 to 10 mm. wide, dense velvety short hairy above and below, margins short hairy. Inflorescence—a long, contracted, pale, purpletinged panicle. Throughout. Open ground, meadows and moist places.

3b. Blade not as above 4

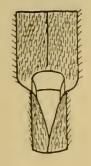
4a. Plant with short creeping rhizomes

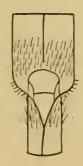
229. Anthoxanthum odoratum—Sweet Vernalgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, frequently hairy near top, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, divided, hairy on margins; ligule membranous, mostly 1 to 2.5 mm. long, but at times to as much as 9 mm., rounded, may be lacerate or toothed or ciliate; blade to 10 mm. wide, mostly hairy above at least near base, smooth or short hairy below, margins very variable. Inflorescence—short, narrow, brownish-yellow, spike-like. Throughout. Meadows, pastures and waste places.

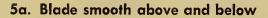












230. Arrhenatherum elatius—Tall Oatgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth or sometimes sparsely short hairy, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, divided; ligule membranous, 1 to 2.5 mm. long, truncate, toothed; blade to 10 mm. wide, smooth above and below, margins slightly rough. Inflorescence—a narrow, pale or purplish, shining panicle. Throughout. Meadows, open ground and waste places.

5b. Blade rough or short hairy on one or both surfaces

231. Sphenopholis obtusata—Prairie Wedgegrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, short hairy, split with over-lapping margins hyaline or sometimes hairy; auricles absent; collar narrow, may be divided; ligule membranous, 1 to 2 mm. long, truncate to rounded, mostly toothed; blade 3 to 8 mm. wide, slightly rough to rough or short hairy above and below and on margins. Inflorescence—a dense, erect, spike-like panicle. Throughout. Old fields and moist ground.

GROUP 19

Ìα.	Blade 4 mm. or less wide	2
1b.	Blade more than 4 mm. wide	4
	2a. Plant with creeping rhizomes or stolons	3
	2b. Plant without rhizomes or stolons	

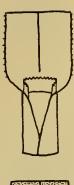
232. Agrostis perennans-Autumn Bent

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to medium broad; ligule membranous, to 2 mm. long, rounded to acute; blade to 4 mm. wide, rough above and below and on margins. Inflorescence—a pale to tawny, open panicle. Throughout. Open ground and old fields.

3a. Ligule 2 to 3 mm. long

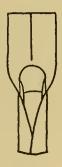
233. Agrostis palustris—Creeping Bent

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad; ligule membranous, 1 to 3 mm. long, rounded to acute, may be toothed; blade 2 to 4 mm. wide, smooth to rough above and below and on margins. Inflorescence—a narrow, dense, pale or purple panicle. Marshes along coast. Also cultivated for putting greens.











3b. Liqule not more than 1.2 mm. long

234. Agrostis tenuis—Colonial Bent

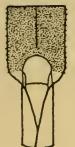
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow, may be divided; ligule membranous, to 1.2 mm. long, truncate; blade to 4 mm. wide, rough above, smooth below, margins rough. Inflorescence—an open, delicate panicle. Common throughout. Pastures, lawns and waste places.



4a. Plants found only on coastal sand dunes

235. Ammophila breviligulata—American Beachgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth to slightly rough, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, may be divided; ligule membranous, 1 to 3 mm. long, rounded, may be short ciliate; blade 5 to 10 mm. wide, generally stiff, rough above, smooth and glossy below, margins smooth and hyaline and generally rolled inward. Inflorescence-pale, dense, nearly cylindrical, spike-like. Maine south. Sand dunes along coast.



4b. Plants not found on coastal sand dunes 5

5a. Plants with creeping rhizomes

236. Agrostis alba—Redtop

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, divided; ligule membranous, to 3 mm. long, rounded, may be toothed; blade 4 to 10 mm. wide, mostly rough above and below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a reddish, spreading panicle. Common throughout. Meadows, pastures, lawns and waste places.



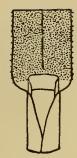
6a. Ligule notched near front on one or both sides

237. Phlcum pratense—Timothy

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar mostly broad and divided; ligule membranous, to 2 mm. long, rounded, notched near front on one or both sides; blade 5 to 10 mm. wide, smooth above and below at least near base, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—densely flowered, cylindrical, spike-like. Common throughout. Fields and waste places.



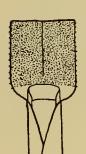
b.	Liqule r	not	notched	as	apove	 	 	• •	٠		 •	-4



7a. Blade 4 to 6 inches long

238. Alopecurus pratensis—Meadow Foxtail

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles, absent; collar medium broad, mostly divided; ligule membranous, 1 to 3 mm. long, truncate to rounded, may be toothed and ciliate; blade 5 to 9 mm. wide, rough above, smooth to slightly rough below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—soft, dense, cylindrical, spike-like. South to Delaware. Fields and waste places.

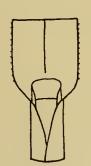


7b. Blade to 20 inches long

8a. Stems below ground with a series of bulbs

239. Arrhenatherum elatius var. bulbosum—Bulbous Oatgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth or sometimes short hairy, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, divided; ligule membranous, to 1.4 mm. long, truncate, may be very short ciliate; blade to 10 mm. wide rough and sometimes sparsely short hairy above, smooth below at least near base, margins rough. Inflorescence—a narrow, pale or purplish, shining panicle. Delaware, West Virginia south. Occasionally a weed in fields.



8b. Stems below ground without a series of bulbs

240. Arrhenatherum elatius—Tall Oatgrass

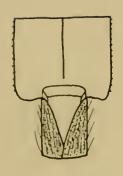
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, may be divided; ligule membranous, to 2.5 mm. long, truncate to rounded, may be toothed and ciliate; blade 5 to 10 mm. wide, smooth to rough or sometimes short hairy above, smooth to rough below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a narrow, pale or purplish, shining panicle. Throughout. Meadows, open ground and waste places.

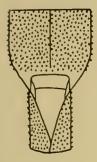
GROUP 20

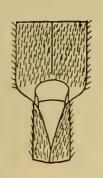
	rd. Ligote to min. or less long	
	1b. Ligule 1 mm. or more long	
,	2a. Blade not more than 11 mm. wide	
Andl	241. Eragrostis spectabilis—Purple Lovegrass	
41111111	I all a line de al al a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	_1.

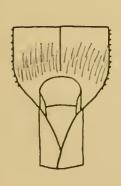


Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, hairy at least at throat, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, may be divided; ligule membranous, to .2 mm. long; blade to 11 mm. wide, long hairy near base above, smooth below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a diffuse, bright purple panicle two-thirds entire height of plant. Throughout. Sandy soil.









2b. Blade to 20 mm, or more wide

242. Hystrix patula—Bottlebrush

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, rough and long hairy, split with overlapping margins hyaline or one hairy; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad; ligule .2 to .6 mm. long, truncate; blade to 25 mm. wide, smooth above, smooth below at least near base, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a loosely flowered, bristly, erect or nodding spike. Throughout. Infrequent in moist places.

3a. Blade very rough above and below and on margins

243. Lecrsia oryzoides—Rice Cut-grass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, very rough, split with over-lapping margins hyaline or one hairy; auricles absent; collar broad, may be divided, sometimes short hairy; ligule membranous, .8 to 1.5 mm. long, truncate; blade to 14 mm. wide, very rough above and below and on margins. Inflorescence—a spreading flexuous-branched panicle. Throughout. Marshes, riverbanks and wet places.

3b. Blade not very rough 4

4a. Sheath and blade dense velvety hairy

244. Holeus lanatus—Velvet Grass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath loose, round, dense velvety hairy, split with overlapping margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to medium broad, usually divided, hairy; ligule membranous, 1.5 to 2 mm. long, rounded; blade to 12 mm. dense velvety short hairy above and below, keeled below, margins short hairy. Inflorescence—a long, contracted, pale, purple-tinged panicle. Throughout. Open ground, meadows and moist places.

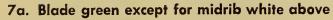
4b. Sheath and blade not dense velvety hairy

5a. Blade blue-green (glaucous) above and below

245. Paspalum floridanum var. glabratum—Smooth Florida Paspalum

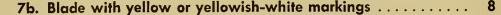
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath somewhat flattened, smooth, split with overlapping margins at times hairy; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, sometimes hairy on margins; ligule membranous, 1 to 2 mm. long, rounded, may be eiliate; blade to 25 mm. wide, glaucous above and below, long hairy near base above, smooth below with midrib prominent, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—2 to 5 one-sided, spike-like branches with flat, round to oval seed. New Jersey south. Brackish marshes and low sandy ground.

6a. Growing in large bunches, blades to 40 inches long 7



246. Miscanthus sinensis—Eulalia

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth or occasionally short hairy, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, hairy on margins; ligule membranous, 1 to 2 mm. long rounded, ciliate; blade 8 to 18 mm. wide, smooth near base and rough near tip above with a few long hairs near base, smooth below, midrib white above and prominent below, margins rough to very rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a fan-shaped, silky panicle. Cultivated for ornament, growing wild in some localities.



8a. Blade with yellow or yellowish-white stripes

247. Miscanthus sinensis var. variegatus—Striped Eulalia

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round to somewhat flattened, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow; ligule membranous, about 1 mm. long, truncate, ciliate; blade to 14 mm. wide, smooth above with yellow or yellowish-white stripes and short hairy near base, smooth below, margins very rough. Inflorescence—a fan-shaped, silky panicle. Cultivated for ornament.

8b. Blades with irregular yellowish cross-bands

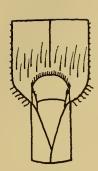
248. Miscanthus sinensis var. zebrinus—Zebra Grass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round to somewhat flattened, smooth or hairy, split with overlapping margins hyaline or hairy; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, divided, hairy on margins; ligule membranous, 1 to 1.8 mm. long, rounded, mostly ciliate; blade to 18 mm. wide, long hairy near base above with midrib white, and with irregular yellowish cross-bands, smooth below with midrib prominent, margins very rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a fan-shaped, silky panicle. Cultivated for ornament, occasionally growing wild.

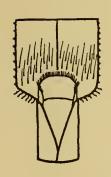
9a.	Plants of wet land	10
9b.	Plants not generally found on wet land	11

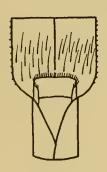
10a. Blade rough above, mostly with a few long hairs near base 249. Erianthus contortus—Bent-awn Plumegrass

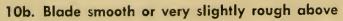
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, sometimes with a few hairs at top, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow, divided, may be long hairy on margins; ligule membranous, 1 to 2 mm. long, truncate, ciliate; blade 10 to 20 mm. wide, sparsely long hairy near base above with midrib whitish or reddish, smooth below with midrib prominent, margins rough and sometimes long hairy. Inflorescence—a narrow, dense, silky, brownish panicle. Coastal Plain, Delaware south. Moist sandy land.













Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath somewhat flattened, smooth, long hairy at top and hairy at nodes, split with overlapping margins; auricles absent; collar broad, hairy; ligule membranous, to 1.6 mm. long, truncate, ciliate; blade to 15 mm. wide, smooth above and below, midrib whitish to reddish above and prominent below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a narrow, dense, silky, purplish-brown panicle. Delaware south. Peaty, sandy, moist meadows and margins of swamps.

11a. Blade with midrib conspicuously white above

251. Sorghum sudanense—Sudan Grass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, may be hairy at base, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, divided; ligule membranous, 1 to 2 mm. long, truncate to rounded, may be ciliate; blade to 25 mm. or more wide, smooth above and below or sometimes sparsely hairy near base above, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a large, loose, erect panicle. Cultivated for forage.

11b. Blade midrib not white above

252. Arrhenatherum elatius—Tall Oatgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad; ligule membranous, 1 to 2 mm. long, truncate; blade to 12 mm. wide, smooth to rough above, keeled and smooth below at least near base, margins at least slightly rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a narrow, pale or purplish, shining panicle. Throughout. Meadows, open ground and waste places.

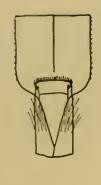
GROUP 21

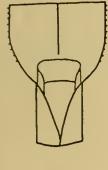
1a.	Blade wth midrib conspicuou	usly white above	2
1b.	Blade midrib not white above	/e	3

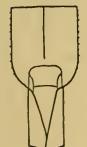
2a. Plant with large creeping rhizomes

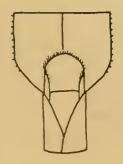
253. Sorghum halepense—Johnson Grass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round to somewhat flattened, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, may be divided, sometimes hairy; ligule membranous, 2 to 3 mm. long, rounded, ciliate; blade to 35 mm. wide, smooth above and below at least near base, midrib white above and prominent below, margins generally rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a large, loose, erect panicle. Massachusetts south. Open ground, fields and waste places.









2b. Plant without rhizomes

254. Sorghum sudanense—Sudan Grass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, sometimes hairy at base, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, divided; ligule membranous, 1 to 3 mm. long, rounded, ciliate, may be toothed; blade 20 to 40 mm. wide, smooth above and below, midrib white above and prominent below, margins mostly rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a large, loose, erect panicle. Cultivated for forage.

3a. Ligule notched near front on one or both sides

255. Phleum pratense—Timothy

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar mostly broad, divided, may be sparsely short hairy on margins; ligule membranous, 1 to 3 mm. long, rounded to acute, with a distinct notch near front on one or both sides; blade to 14 mm. wide, mostly smooth near base and rough near tip above and below, margins rough. Inflorescence—densely flowered, cylindrical, spike-like. Common throughout. Fields and waste places.

4a. Blade densely velvety hairy above and below

256. Holcus lanatus—Velvet Grass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath loose, round, dense velvety short hairy, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar mostly narrow, divided, hairy; ligule membranous, 1 to 3 mm. long, truncate to rounded, toothed; blade to 14 mm. wide, dense velvety short hairy above and below, keeled below, margins short hairy. Inflorescence—a long, contracted, pale, purple-tinged panicle. Throughout. Open ground, meadows and moist places.

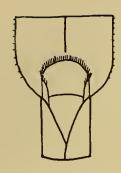
	4b. blade not densely velvery nairy	•
5a.	Plant with long creeping rhizomes	6
5h	Plant without creening rhizomes	7

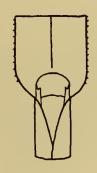
6a. Blade green with white stripes

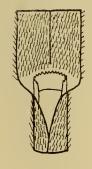
والمراجع المتعارب والمتعارب والمتعارب والمتعارب والمتعارب

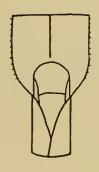
257. Phalaris arundinacea var. picta—Ribbon Grass

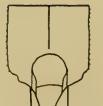
Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth to slightly rough, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, divided; ligule membranous, 2 to 3 mm. long, rounded; blade white striped, to 18 mm. wide, smooth near base and somewhat rough near tip above and below, midrib prominent below, margins rough. Inflorescence—a densely flowered, spreading to narrow panicle. Cultivated for ornament.

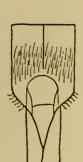


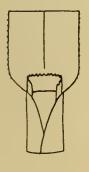


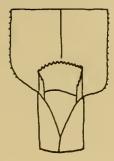












6b. Blade without white stripes

258. Phalaris arundinacea—Reed Canarygrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, divided; ligule 2 to 3 mm. long, rounded, occasionally toothed; blade 10 to 20 mm. wide, smooth to slightly rough and rarely hairy near base above, keeled and smooth to rough below, margins rough and rarely short hairy near base. Inflorescence—a densely flowered, spreading to narrow panicle. Throughout. Marshes, riverbanks and moist places.

7a. Collar hairy on margins

259. Anthoxanthum odoratum—Sweet Vernalgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, frequently hairy near top, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar narrow to broad, divided, hairy on margins; ligule membranous, 2 to 3 mm. long, rounded, may be lacerate or toothed or ciliate; blade to 12 mm. wide, mostly hairy above at least near base, smooth or short hairy below, margins very variable. Inflorescence—short, narrow, brownish-yellow, spike-like. Throughout. Meadows, pastures and waste places.

7b. Collar not hairy on margins

8a. Blades to not more than 12 mm. wide

260. Arrhenatherum elatius—Tall Oatgrass

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping margins; auricles absent; collar broad; ligule membranous, 1.5 to 3 mm. long, truncate, toothed, may be short ciliate; blade to 12 mm. wide, smooth to rough above, keeled and smooth below, margins at least slightly rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a narrow, pale or purplish, shining panicle. Throughout. Meadows, open ground and waste places.

8b. Blades at least 15 mm. wide

261. Avena sativa—Oats

Leaves rolled in bud-shoot; sheath round, smooth, split with overlapping hyaline margins; auricles absent; collar broad, divided; ligule membranous, 2 to 3 mm. long, rounded, toothed; blade to 20 mm. wide, smooth near base and rough near tip above and below, keeled below, margins rough and hyaline. Inflorescence—a loose, open panicle. Cultivated.

GLOSSARY

- Acuminate—Gradually tapering to a very sharp point.
- Acute—Sharp-pointed, but less tapering than acuminate.
- Auricle—Claw-like projections at the base of the blade.
- Awn—A slender bristle at the end or on the back of the glumes of a grass floret.
- Axillary—In the angle between a leaf and its stem or between a branch and its axis.
- Axis—The main stem of a panicle.
- Blade—The upper, non-clasping part of the leaf above the collar and ligule.
- Bristle-like—Resembling a bristle.

 Applied to narrow blades that are rolled or folded.
- Bud-shoot—The growing uppermost leaf as it emerges from the sheath below.
- Capillary-Very slender or hairlike.
- Ciliate—Fringed with hairs on the margin.
- Collar—The area, mostly lighter in color, on the outside of the grass leaf at the junction of the sheath and blade.
- Contracted—Said of an inflorescence that is narrow or dense, the branches short or close to axis.
- Decumbent—Curved upward from a horizontal or inclined base.

- Dense—Said of an inflorescence in which the spikelets are crowded close together.
- Diffuse—Open and much branched.
- Digitate—Arising from the top of stem, finger-like.
- Drooping—Erect to spreading at base but bending downward above.
- Flexuous—Bent alternately in opposite directions.
- Fused—United by normal growth.
- Glaucous—Covered with a waxy coating that gives a blue-green color.
- Hyaline—Thin and translucent or transparent.
- Inflorescence—The flowering part of a plant.
- Keeled—Angle or ridge on back of sheath or blade usually formed by midrib.
- Lacerate—Torn or cut at the edge as though frayed.
- Ligule—A thin membrane or fringe of hairs on the inside of the leaf at the junction of the blade and sheath.
- Loose—Open, the opposite of dense or compact.
- Node—The joint of a stem, generally slightly enlarged.

- Panicle—A compound or branched inflorescence with the lower branches longer than the upper.
- Rachis—The axis of a spike.
- Rhizome—A creeping, underground stem which roots and develops new plants at the nodes.
- Rough—Rough to the touch due to minute points or teeth.
- Sheath—The lower part of the leaf that encloses the stem or shoot.
- Smooth—Not rough to the touch and without hairs.
- Spike—An unbranched inflorescence with spikelets attached directly to the axis (not on a pedicel or branch).
- Spikelet—The unit of the inflorescence of grasses, consisting of two glumes and one or more florets.
- Spreading—Said of panicles when the branches have an outward direction.
- Stolon—An above ground creeping stem which roots and develops new plants at the nodes or tip.
- Tawny-Pale brown or dirty yellow.
- Throat—The V-shaped area at top of sheath formed by the margins.
- Truncate—Ending abruptly, more or less straight across.

REFERENCES

The following publications have been found most useful in the preparation of this identification key:

- 1. Bennett, Hugh W., Hammons, R. O., and Weissinger, W. R., Identification of Certain Mississippi Grasses by Vegetative Morphology. Miss. Agr. Exp. Sta. Tech. Bul. 31, 1950.
- 2. Blomquist, H. L., The Grasses of North Carolina. Duke University Press, 1948.
- 3. Carrier, Lyman, The Identification of Grasses by Their Vegetative Characters. U.S.D.A. Bul. 461, 1917.
- 4. Clark, S. E., Campbell, J. A., and Shevkenek, W., The Identifica-

- tion of Certain Native and Naturalized Grasses by Their Vegetative Characters. Dom. of Canada, Dept. Agr. Pub. No. 762, 1944.
- 5. Copple, R. F., and Aldous, A. E., The Identification of Certain Native and Naturalized Grasses by Their Vegetative Characters. Kan. Agr. Exp. Sta. Tech. Bul. 32, 1932.
- 6. Hitchcock, A. S., Manual of the Grasses of the United States. U.S.D.A. Misc. Pub. 200, 1935, 2nd Ed. rev. Chase, Agnes, 1950.
- 7. Keim, F. D., Beadle, G. W., and Frolik, A. L., The Identification of the More Important Prairie Hay Grasses of Nebraska by Their Vegetative Characters. Neb. Agr. Exp. Sta. Res. Bul. 65, 1932.
- 8. Nowosad, F. S., Newton Swales, D. E., and Dore, W. G., The Identification of Certain Native and Naturalized Hay and Pasture Grasses by Their Vegetative Characters. MacDonald College, P. Q. Canada, Tech. Bul. 16, 1936.

INDEX TO SCIENTIFIC NAMES

Agropyron repens 202	-sanguinalis 152, 198	-capillare 65, 79, 90, 113
Agrostis alba 182, 236	Distichlis spicata 26	—dichotomiflorum 121 —hemitomen 69, 88
—canina 40	Echinochloa crusgalli 52	—scoparium 78, 94
—hiemalis 49, 179	var. frumentacea 53	villosissimum 101
—palustris 39, 48, 233 —perennans 185, 232	—walteri 51	—virgatum 97, 102, 119
—scabra 180	Eleusine indica 148	Paspalum dilitatum 154
—stolonifera 45	Elymus canadensis 211	—floridanum 149 var. glabratum 150, 245
—tenuis 30, 44, 220, 234 Alopecurus carolinianus 46, 178	—riparius 213	—laeve 158
—pratensis 238	—villosus 212	—pubescens 116, 141
Ammophila breviligulata 235	—virginicus 214	Pennisetum spp. 100
Andropogon gerardi 157	Eragrostis capillaris 50, 62 —cilianensis 73	Phalaris arundinacea 190, 258
—glomeratus 164	—hirsuta var. laevivaginata 71, 77	var. picta 191, 257
—littoralis 166	—pectinacea 22, 35, 61	Phleum pratense 177, 195, 237, 255
—scoparius 167 —ternarius 147, 168	—poaeoides 24, 34 —spectabilis 64, 80, 241	Phragmites communis 63, 75, 108
-virginicus 146, 165	Erianthus coarctatus 250	Poa annua 5, 142, 160, 174
Anthoxanthum odoratum 184, 229,	—contortus 156, 249	compressa 143, 161 palustris 176, 183
259	Festuca arundinacea 205	—pratensis 11, 144, 162
Aristida dichotoma 1, 21	—capillata 6	—trivalis 175
—oligantha 7 —purpurascens 14	elatior 210	Secale cereale 203
Arrhenatherum elatius 222, 230, 240,	—myuros 15, 32, 41 —octoflora 2, 33, 42	Setaria faberii 96, 98, 105, 122
252, 260	—ovina 9, 27	—geniculata 82, 135
var. bulbosum 221, 239	—rubra 8, 28, 31	—italica 76, 89, 99 —lutescens 66, 83, 109
Avena fatua 199	var. commutata 10	magna 86
—sativa 197, 200, 261	Glyceria acutiflora 171 —canadensis 169	-verticillata 87, 111
Bromus arvensis 134	—septentrionalis 172	—viridis 74, 91, 93
—catharticus 126 —commutatus 130	-striata 124, 170	Sorghastrum nutans 181
—inermis 127	Holcus lanatus 151, 196, 228, 244,	Sorghum halepense 189, 253 —sudanense 194, 251, 254
—japonicus 131, 226	256	Spartina alterniflora 92, 107
—mollis 36, 132 —rigidus 125	Hordeum brachyantherum 224	—cynosuroides 120
—secalinus 129	—jubatum 139, 225 —pusillum 223	—patens 38, 54
—sterilis 128	-vulgare 206	—pectinata 68, 104, 118
—tectorum 133, 227	Hystrix patula 209, 242	Sphenopholis obtusata 231
Calamagrostis canadensis 193 —cinnoides 192	Leersia oryzoides 153, 243	Sporobolus asper 17
	—virginica 155, 216	—clandestinus 3, 29, 219 —vaginiflorus 25
Cenchrus pauciflorus 57, 85, 110 —tribuloides 84	Lolium multiflorum 208	
Cinna arundinacea 186	—perenne 12, 123, 145, 163, 201	Tridens flavus 81
Cynodon dactylon 4, 55, 72	Microstegium vimineum var. imberbe	Triplasis purpurea 103
Cynodon spp. 20	218	Tripsacum dactyloides 67, 106
	Miscanthus sinensis 207, 246	Triticum aestivum 204
Dactylis glomerata 173	var. variegatus 247	Uniola laxa 70, 136
Danthonia compressa 59 —sericea 60, 112	var. zebrinus 248	—paniculata 115
—spicata 18, 23, 37, 58, 114	Muhlenbergia frondosa 137, 215	Zizania aquatica 187
Deschampsia flexuosa 47	—schreberi 13, 16, 138, 217	•
Digitaria filiformis 43	Panicum amaralum 95, 117 —amarum 188	Zoysia matrella 19 —japonica 56
—ischaemum 159	—anceps 140	Zoysia spp. 19

INDEX TO COMMON NAMES

Flat-stemmed panicgrass 140 American beachgrass 235 Canarygrass, reed 190, 258 Cheat 129 Florida paspalum 149 Annual bluegrass 5, 142, 160, 174 —hairy 130 —smooth 150, 245 -ryegrass 208 -wildrice 187 Chess, barren 128 Fly-away grass 180 —downy 133, 227 Arrow-feather 14 Fowl bluegrass 176, 183 —Japanese 131, 226 —mannagrass 124, 170 -soft 36, 132 Autumn bent 185, 232 Foxtail, bristly 87, 111 Chewings fescue 10 Barley 206 —field 46, 178 -little 223 Colonial bent 30, 44, 220, 234 -giant 96, 98, 105, 122 -meadow 224 Common crabgrass 152, 198 —green 74, 91, 93 —squirrel-tail 139, 225 —reed 63, 75, 108 —knotroot 82, 135 Barnyard grass 52 -meadow 238 Cordgrass, big 120 -millet 76 Barren chess 128 —prairie 68, 104, 118 —yellow 66, 83, 109 -salt meadow 38, 54 Basketgrass 218 -smooth 92, 107 Gahi No. 1 millet 100 Beachgrass, American 235 Crabgrass, common 152, 198 Gamagrass, eastern 67, 106 Beardgrass, bushy 164 —slender 43 Giant foxtail 96, 98, 105, 122 -silver 147, 168 -smooth 159 —millet 86 —seashore 166 Creeping bent 39, 48, 233 Goosegrass 148 Bent, autumn 185, 232 —mannagrass 171 ---colonial 30, 44, 220, 234 Green foxtail 74, 91, 93 Crinkled hairgrass 47 —creeping 39, 48, 233 Hair fescue 6 —meadow 45 Cut-grass, rice 153, 243 -velvet 40 Hairgrass, crinkled 47 Dallis grass 154 —spring 49, 179 Bent-awn plumegrass 156, 249 Downy chess 133, 227 Hairy cheat 130 Bermuda grass 4, 55, 72 —oatgrass 60, 112 —paspalum 116, 141 -U-3 20 Dropseed 25 —wild-rye 212 Big bluestem 157 —scratch 3, 29, 219 Indian grass 181 —cordgrass 120 —tall 17 Japanese chess 131, 226 Bitter panicgrass 95, 117 Dune sandbur 84 —lawn grass 19 Bluegrass, annual 5, 142, 160, 174 Eastern gamagrass 67, 106 -millet 53 —Canada 143, 161 —mannagrass 172 Johnson grass 189, 253 —fowl 176, 183 Emerald Zoysia 19 -Kentucky 11, 144, 162 Kentucky bluegrass 11, 144, 162 -rough 175 Eulalia 207, 246 Knotroot foxtail 82, 135 -striped 247 Bluejoint 193 Lacegrass 50, 62 Fall panicum 121 Bluestem, big 157 Lawn grass, Japanese 19 —little 167 Feather grass 63, 75, 108 Little barley 223 Bottlebrush 209, 242 Fescue, chewings 10 —bluestem 167 —hair 6 Bristly foxtail 87, 111 -meadow 210 Lovegrass, low 24, 34 Bromegrass, field 134 -rattail 15, 32, 41 —pink 22, 35, 61 —smooth 127 —red 8, 28, 31 —purple 64, 80, 241 —sheep 9, 27 —smooth 71, 77 Broomsedge 146, 165 -six weeks 2, 33, 42 Maidencane 69, 88 —tall 205 Bulbous oatgrass 221, 239 Mannagrass, creeping 171 Field bromegrass 134 Bushy beardgrass 164 -foxtail 46, 178 —eastern 172 -fowl 124, 170 Canada bluegrass 143, 161 —paspalum 158

—sandbur 57, 85, 110

—rattlesnake 169

—wild-rye 211

Squirrel-tail barley 139, 225 Quackgrass 202 Meadow barley 224 -bent 45 Stinkgrass 73 Rattail fescue 15, 32, 41 —fescue 210 Stout woodreed 186 Rattlesnake mannagrass 169 —foxtail 238 Striped culalia 247 Red fescue 8, 28, 31 Meyer zoysia 56 Sudan grass 194, 251, 254 Redtop 182, 236 Millet, foxtail 76, 89, 99 -Gahi No. 1 100 Sweet vernalgrass 184, 229, 259 Reed canarygrass 190, 258 -giant 86 —common 63, 75, 108 Switchgrass 97, 102, 119 -Japanese 53 -grass 192 -Walter's 51 Tall dropseed 17 Rescue grass 126 -wild 52 -fescue 205 —oatgrass 222, 230, 240, 252, 260 Ribbon grass 191, 257 Mountain oatgrass 59 Three-awn grass, prairie 7 Rice cut-grass 153, 243 Muhly, wirestem 137, 215 Timothy 177, 195, 237, 255 Nimblewill 13, 16, 138, 217 Ripgut grass 125 U-3 Bermuda grass 20 Oatgrass, bulbous 221, 239 Riverbank wild-rye 213 -downy 60, 112 Uniola, slender 70, 136 Rough bluegrass 175 -mountain 59 Velvet bent 40 —poverty 18, 23, 37, 58, 114 Rye 203 -grass 151, 196, 228, 244, 256 —tall 222, 230, 240, 252, 260 Ryegrass, annual 208 Velvety panicum 78, 94 Oats 197, 200, 261 —perennial 12, 123, 145, 163, 201 ---sea 115 Vernalgrass, sweet 184, 229, 259 Salt meadow cordgrass 38, 54 -wild 199 Virginia wild-rye 214 Saltgrass, seashore 26 Orchard grass 173 Walter's millet 51 Sandbur, dune 84 Panicgrass, bitter 95, 117 -field 57, 85, 110 Wedgegrass, prairie 231 —flat-stemmed 140 ---white-haired 101 Sandgrass, purple 103 Wheat 204 Panicum, fall 121 Scratch dropseed 3, 29, 219 Whitegrass 155, 216 -seaside 188 Sea oats 115 White-haired panicgrass 101 -velvety 78, 94 Seashore beardgrass 166 Paspalum, field 158 Wild oats 199 —saltgrass 26 —Florida 149 -millet 52 -smooth Florida 150, 245 Seaside panicum 188 —hairy 116, 141 Wildrice, annual 187 Sheep fescue 9, 27 Perennial ryegrass 12, 123, 145, 163, Wild-rye, Canada 211 201 -hairy 212 Silver beardgrass 147, 168 -riverbank 213 Pink lovegrass 22, 35, 61 Six weeks fescue 2, 33, 42 —Virginia 214 Plumegrass, bent-awn 156, 249 Slender crabgrass 43 Wirestern muhly 137, 215 -slender 250 —plumegrass 250 -uniola 70, 136 Poverty grass 1, 21 Witchgrass 65, 79, 90, 113 -oatgrass 18, 23, 37, 58, 114 Smooth bromegrass 127 Woodreed, stout 186 Prairie cordgrass 68, 104, 118 —crabgrass 159 -cordgrass 92, 107 —three-awn grass 7 Yellow foxtail 66, 83, 109 -Florida paspalum 150, 245 -wedgegrass 231 —lovegrass 71, 77 Zebra grass 248 Purple lovegrass 64, 80, 241 Soft chess 36, 132 —sandgrass 103 Zoysia, Emerald 19 —Meyer 56 Spring hairgrass 49, 179

Purpletop 81









